#### **NSW POLICE FORCE**

# STRIKE FORCE PARRABELL

## Bias Crimes Indicators Review Form

Investigation No:	4
Victim/Deceased:	Walter John BEDSER
Date of death:	2 December, 1980
Investigation Status:	Unsolved
Offender/s:	N/A
Investigative Unit:	Parramatta Police
Description:	Walter John BEDSER was 47 years old when he was stabbed numerous times inside his antique shop at 4 Darcy Street Parramatta by unknown persons. BEDSER ran from the shop and collapsed in the green grocer directly opposite his shop. BEDSER was conveyed to Hospital where he was pronounced deceased. Numerous witnesses provided statements to Police in which they described a male leave the deceased shop moments after he was stabbed yelling out 'get an ambulance'. Several people came forward to Police about the sexuality of BEDSER and involvements they had with BEDSER sexually with the overall consensus that he was a homosexual male. In some of the statements provided by members of the public who knew BEDSER it would be reasonable to suggest BEDSER liked young males and would employee them at his shop with the intent of engaging in some type of sexual activity with them in the future. No persons have been charged with the death of BEDSER; as such it is unknown what the sexuality of the person responsible is.

Indicator 1 – 9 taken from the 'Responding to hate Crime – A multidisciplinary Curriculum for Law Enforcement & Victim Assistance Professionals. National Centre for Hate Crime Prevention, United States Department of Justice Office for Victims of Crime, 2000. Indicator 10 developed by NSWPF Bias Crimes based on research and cases.

#### 1. Differences

#### **Prompts**

Immutable characteristic differences between victim and POI's sexual orientation

#### Comment

Walter John BEDSER, a 47 year old male resided in the family home with his mother at

 BEDSER was the owner of an antique dealer at 4 Darcy Street, Parramatta. In a Report of Occurrence completed by Detective Sergeant HAMILTON he stated after speaking to several witnesses "About 1:50 pm on the 2<sup>nd</sup> December 1980 a male person described; late 30's to early 40's 5 foot ten to six foot, solid build, an Australian. medium length dark brown hair, wearing a light coloured safari jacket style top and light coloured trousers, was seen by witnesses to leave the antique shop of W.J BEDSER, Darcy Street, Parramatta calling 'get an ambulance' before decamping" (IN-165). Several people came forward to Police about the sexuality of BEDSER and involvements they had with BEDSER sexually with the overall consensus that he was a homosexual male. In a Report of Occurrence completed by the Homicide Squad "it was established from young associates of the deceased, homosexual activities were occurring at the deceased business and it's suggested the deceased was also 'doing the beats' which was a term used amongst homosexuals who visited toilets located in parks" (IN-176). An ex NP58 emplovee stated to Police BEDSER used to masturbate him in the loft of the shop (IN-198, IN-200). In a Report of Occurrence relating to the interview of I37 by Detective FESZCZUK 137 stated he met BEDSER as a schoolboy in 1978 and started working for BEDSER. **137** stated he was not a homosexual and did not have any sexual relations with the deceased, although he had been asked by the deceased to participate in sexual acts." Detective FESZCZUK stateu

137 claimed he was not involved in homosexual activities, there is no doubt that he was and was receiving money from the deceased for services rendered in that regard" (IN-192).

138 who was a friend of BEDSER stated in an interview with Police "that BEDSER told him that he was working the public toilets and when he picked up a male friend he would take them back to his shop for further discussions in the loft BEDSER told I38 about NP58 a Greek, and I37 an Australian, both in their teens, one he

had given a ring to, 138 thought that teenage boys were trouble and he told BEDSER but that is what BEDSER liked" (IN-193). | 138 | was asked if he had heard anything of BEDSER being involved with a female, and 138 said "that it would be extremely unlikely that he would have anything to do with females as he had a strong dislike for them, and would make nasty remarks about them when they entered the shop if 138 was there also" (IN-193). In a report of Occurrence completed by TREBLEY he stated he received a phone call from Mrs MAGERS a friend of BEDSER where she stated "it was common knowledge that the deceased was a homosexual amongst the antique dealers, and she felt that it would be more likely that he was murdered over something to do with this line than over anything to do with antiques "(IN-194). In an interview with Gregoryu BOLTON a fellow antique dealer who owned a shop in Parramatta he stated to Police "the deceased was a homosexual and was affair with an He also informed NP58 the Police the deceased preferred ethnic boys and used to place advertisements in the window of his shop for boys to help out in the shop after school where he would subsequently seduce them (IN-195). In a statement of 135 who was a 15 year old teenager at the time he stated "About a month and a half after I started working for John I think it was on a Sunday I was in his shop and he said 'Come and lie down with me upstairs.' He meant on a bed upstairs above his office in the shop. First I went up there and I sat down on the bed he would smoke a cigarette he started playing with his penis. John took all his clothes off, he pulled himself off and it would blow on his stomach. He would wipe it off with a cloth there. He would say 'come and let me pull you off.' I said 'no.' After several times of doing it in front of me and he kept talking me into it I took my pants off I had a fat and I let him pull me off and I blew on the floor" (ST-575). In a statement made by BEDSER'S friend Robert ENGLISH who was a friend of BEDSER'S for five years previous to his death, he stated in a statement to Police "About six months after I first met him (John) he made a homosexual advance towards me. I explained to him that I was not that way inclined, and if he wished to continue our friendship, these advances had to cease. Since that time he openly talked about his homosexual tendencies in front of me" (ST-576). In a Report of Occurrence completed by Police in relation to the interview of 139

in sovue 7775 With the deceased He
in sexual acts with the deceased. He would allow the deceased to masturbate
him" (IN-196). In a Report of Occurrence
completed by Detective Constable
FESZCZUK relating to the interview of
140
}
would call around to the home of
I40 The deceased offered
140 \$20 to take part in
sexual activities with him."
140 stated the deceased
'put the acid on him' on many occasions.
I40 said he "never took
part in any sexual acts with the
deceased" (IN-201). In a Report of
Occurrence completed by Detective
Constable FESZCZUK relating to the
interview of I36
I36 stated he first met the
deceased about two years prior to his
murder through NP58
NP58 136
alleged the deceased 'put the hard word
on him' after he helped the deceased
with a delivery one day.
believed the proposition concerned
masturbation, however, 136
declined the advances of the deceased
as he was engaged at the time and was
not that way inclined (IN-203). In a
Report of Occurrence completed by
Detective Senior Constable
MCGREGOR relating to the interview of
Charles DUFFIELD, DUFFIELD stated "he knew the deceased to be
frience in the deceased to be homosexual and also bi sexual. The
deceased told DUFFIELD on one
occasion he was having sexual
intercourse with a sixteen year old girl in
the Harris Park area and he was also
having sexual intercourse with his
bookkeeper" (IN-205). In a statement
made by Raymond HADLEY who was
involved in business dealings with
BEDSER he stated "I have known John
BEDSER for the past two and a half
years as we are constantly engaged in
business dealings and I also regarded
him somewhat as a friend. During this
time I have known that John has
homosexual tendencies although he
never displayed them towards me" (ST-
584). In a Report of Occurrence
completed by Detective Senior
Constable MCHUGH he outlines in his
first interview with NP58 that
I,,
NP58   met the deceased   about late 1978 where he started to
work for him a short time after they met.
About two to three months into
NP58 starting work, he
and the deceased formed a relationship.
The deceased used to have oral sex
with NP58 in a room

	above his shop. The deceased also visited NP58 at home two to three times a week. The deceased gave NP58 a number of presents. He would also pay NP58 \$10 for oral sex which took place once a month" (IN-198). NP58 also stated the deceased had friends who were drag queens that worked at Le Girls in Kings Cross. NP58 said the deceased wanted him to go with him but NP58 refused. The deceased mentioned to NP58 that he had known these people for ages and they had sex change operations (IN-200).
<ul> <li>Victim is a member of a group which is outnumbered by members of another group in the area where the incident occurred</li> </ul>	There is no information to suggest that BEDSER was a member of any particular group that was outnumbered by members of another group in the area where the incident occurred.
<ul> <li>Victim was engaged in activities promoting his/her group</li> </ul>	BEDSER was living an active homosexual lifestyle with his desire to engage in sexual acts with younger boys appearing to be common knowledge amongst his friends and associates. On the 23 April 1977 Plain Clothes Senior Constable YORKE completed a Criminal and General Crime Sheet where he stated "the deceased and l48 where spoken to by Police in Alfred Park Parramatta for loitering in the park. During that period the park was a well known place for homosexuals to meet" (IN-191). BEDSER would use both his shop and parks to meet and engage in sexual acts with other men/boys.
<ul> <li>Incident coincided with a holiday or date of particular significance to the victim or POI's group</li> </ul>	There is no information to suggest that the date of BEDSER'S death coincided with a holiday or date of particular significance.
Victim, although not a member of the targeted group is a member a member of an advocacy group that supports the victim, or the victim was in company of a member of the targeted group	There is no information to suggest that BEDSER was a member of an advocacy group. There were no direct witnesses to the stabbing of BEDSER, however, there were numerous witnesses who provided statements to Police in which they described a male leave the deceased shop moments after he was stabbed yelling out 'get an ambulance' (ST-585, ST-581, ST-573). There is no evidence suggesting this person was a member of a targeted group. Anani WYOUSSES stated she was looking in to the shop window and actually witnessed the scuffle between the deceased and his attacker, who she described as a male and dressed as such. This did not exclude the possibility a female was also present at the time (IN-175).
<ul> <li>Historical animosity exists between the victim's group and the POI's group</li> </ul>	Witness I41 a sixteen year old student was interviewed by Police. I41 claimed she entered BEDSER'S shop around 2:00pm on the

	day he was murdered and he was standing behind the counter with a 40 year old women.   [141] claimed she left the shop and crossed the footpath and almost immediately heard the breaking of glass and shortly after saw the deceased going towards the fruit shop saying "I'm done get an ambulance".  [141] waited for the ambulance to arrive and did not notice the female or any other person leave the shop of the deceased. John PECK gave a similar account as [141] however suggests he saw a female in her twenties leave the shop after the deceased run out of the shop (IN-174). No persons have been identified in relation to being responsible for BEDSER'S death. As such, it cannot be confirmed if any historical animosity existed between the two parties.
Indicators	(y/n)
Evidence of Bias Crime – sufficient evidence/information exists to prove beyond a reasonable doubt that the incident was either wholly or partially motivated by bias towards one of the protected categories and constitutes a criminal offence.	No
Suspected Bias Crime – evidence/information exists that the incident may have been motivated by bias but the incident cannot be proven beyond a reasonable doubt that it was either wholly or partially motivated by bias and constitutes a criminal offence.	No
No Evidence of Bias Crime – the incident has been determined as either not being motivated by bias towards a protected group or although bias motivation is in evidence it does not relate to a protected group.	No
Insufficient Information — insufficient information has been recorded to make a determination in regards to bias motivation. This may be due to a lack of detail recorded by police or a lack of information supplied by victim's and/or witnesses.	No

Walter John BEDSER, a 47 year old male resided in the family home with his mother at BEDSER was the owner of an antique dealer at 4 Darcy Street, Parramatta where he was victim to a stabbing. Numerous witnesses provided statements to Police in which they described a male leave the deceased shop moments after he was stabbed yelling out 'get an ambulance.' BEDSER was seen to exit his shop bleeding and collapsed out the front of the green grocer directly opposite. BEDSER was conveyed to Hospital where he was pronounced deceased. Several people came forward to Police about the sexuality of BEDSER and involvements they had with BEDSER sexually with the overall consensus that he was a homosexual male. In some of the statements provided by members of the public who knew BEDSER it would be reasonable to suggest BEDSER liked young males and would employee them at his shop with the intent of engaging in some type of sexual activity with them in the future. No persons have been charged with the death of BEDSER, as such it is unknown what the sexuality of the person responsible is.

2. Comments, Written Statements, Gestures	
Prompts	Comment
Bias related comments, written statements or gestures were made by the POI	No persons have ever been identified relation to this matter. Numerous witnesses provided statements to Poin which they described a male lead BEDER'S shop moments after he with stabbed yelling out 'get an ambular (ST-585, ST-581, ST-573). This however conflicted in 'Synopsis 80/1 in which two witness describe a ferror as opposed to a male being present BEDSER'S shop (IN-174). There is information to suggest that any personal moments are latted comments written statements or gestures toward BEDSER at the time of his death.
Comments and gestures can occur before, during and after the incident	
Victims may not be aware of the significance of gestures made	As stated above 141 advises of statement made by an unknown won who was allegedly in BEDSER'S sliprior to his murder. "Both the decease and the women declined the request a donation to 141 with the fem saying "we have our own charity" (174). There is no further evidence suggest that any comments or gestu occurred before, during or after stabbing of BEDSER. There were witnesses to BEDSER'S death and persons have been identified as be responsible. In a Radio Message F Detective Sergeant HAMILTON receive a message outlining a witness say male fighting and wrestling with deceased in the deceased shop show before he received fatal stab would be the state of the sta

Indicators	(y/n)
Evidence of Bias Crime – sufficient evidence/information exists to prove beyond a reasonable doubt that the incident was either wholly or partially motivated by bias towards one of the protected categories and constitutes a criminal offence.	No
Suspected Bias Crime – evidence/information exists that the incident may have been motivated by bias but the incident cannot be proven beyond a reasonable doubt that it was either wholly or partially motivated by bias and constitutes a criminal offence.	No
No Evidence of Bias Crime – the incident has been determined as either not being motivated by bias towards a protected group or although bias motivation is in evidence it does not relate to a protected group.	No
Insufficient Information – insufficient information has been recorded to make a determination in regards to bias motivation. This may be due to a lack of detail recorded by police or a lack of information supplied by victim's and/or witnesses.	Yes

No persons have been identified as being responsible for the death of BEDSER. There were witnesses after the stabbing of BEDSER who saw a male run from the store. This is however conflicted in 'Synopsis 80/174' in which two witness describe a female as opposed to a male being present in BEDSER'S shop. There is no information to suggest that any persons however made bias related comments, written statements or gestures towards BEDSER at the time of his death.

## 3. Drawings, Markings, Symbols, Tattoos, Graffiti

Prompts	Comment
Bias related drawings, markings, symbols or graffiti were left at the scene or were seen on the POI	There is no evidence to suggest that any bias related drawings, markings, symbols or graffiti were left at the scene. No persons have been identified as being involved in the death of BEDSER.
Before discounting symbols, ensure that you understand the meaning of the symbol	There were no reports to suggest that any bias related drawings, markings, symbols or graffiti were left at the crime scene.
Indicators	(y/n)
Evidence of Bias Crime – sufficient evidence/information exists to prove beyond a reasonable doubt that the incident was either wholly or partially motivated by bias towards one of the protected categories and constitutes a criminal offence.	No

Suspected Bias Crime – evidence/information exists that the incident may have been motivated by bias but the incident cannot be proven beyond a reasonable doubt that it was either wholly or partially motivated by bias and constitutes a criminal offence.	No
No Evidence of Bias Crime – the incident has been determined as either not being motivated by bias towards a protected group or although bias motivation is in evidence it does not relate to a protected group.	No
Insufficient Information – insufficient information has been recorded to make a determination in regards to bias motivation. This may be due to a lack of detail recorded by police or a lack of information supplied by victim's and/or witnesses.	Yes

There was no evidence to suggest that any bias related drawings, markings, symbols or graffiti were left at the crime scene. There were no post mortem photographs of BEDSER available to view.

# 4. Organised Hate Groups (OHG)

Prompts	Comment
Objects or items that represent the work of an OHG were left at the scene, e.g. business cards, flyers, burning cross	There is no evidence to suggest that objects or items that represent the work of an OHG were left at the scene.
An OHG claimed responsibility	No persons have been identified as being responsible for the death of BEDSER. An OHG has not come forward claiming to be responsible for the death of BEDSER.
There are indications that an OHG was involved or active in the area	There is no evidence to suggest that an OHG was involved or active in the area at the time of BEDSER'S death. There are no Police holdings that show that other deaths like this were occurring at the time of BEDSER'S death, however due to the death occurring in 1980 these incidents may not be in current Police records.
MO is similar to known MO of an OHG	BEDSER was stabbed in his store at 4 Darcy Street, Parramatta. Stabbing someone is not necessarily specific to OHG'S.
Indicators	(y/n)
Evidence of Bias Crime – sufficient evidence/information exists to prove beyond a reasonable doubt that the incident was either wholly or partially motivated by bias towards one of the protected categories and constitutes a criminal offence.	No

Suspected Bias Crime – evidence/information exists that the incident may have been motivated by bias but the incident cannot be proven beyond a reasonable doubt that it was either wholly or partially motivated by bias and constitutes a criminal offence.	No
No Evidence of Bias Crime – the incident has been determined as either not being motivated by bias towards a protected group or although bias motivation is in evidence it does not relate to a protected group.	No
Insufficient Information – insufficient information has been recorded to make a determination in regards to bias motivation. This may be due to a lack of detail recorded by police or a lack of information supplied by victim's and/or witnesses.	Yes

There is no evidence to suggest that objects or items that represent the work of an OHG were left at the scene. There is also no evidence to suggest that an OHG was involved or active in the area at the time of BEDSER'S death. BEDSER died as a result stab wounds caused by an unknown person. Stabbing someone is not necessarily specific to OHG'S.

## 5. Previous existence of Bias Crime Incidents

Prompts	Comment	
Victim was visiting a location where previous bias crimes had been committed against members of the victim's group	BEDSER was stabbed in his Antique store at 4 Darcy Street, Parramatta. At the time of BEDSER'S death there was no evidence to suggest that the location was one where bias crimes had previously been committed and there is no evidence to suggest that BEDSER was a member of a group that bias crimes were committed against.	
Several incidents occurred in the same area and the victims were members of the same group	Research of Police and media holdings has shown there is no report of other homosexual men being murdered within the surrounding area at the time of BEDSER'S death.	
Victim has received previous harassing mail, email, social media posts or phone calls or has been the victim of verbal abuse (anti-gay) based on his/her affiliation with a targeted group	There is no evidence to suggest that BEDSER was receiving harassing mail or phone calls prior to his death. Evidence suggests BEDSER was engaging in sexual activities with younger boys however there is no evidence in respect to anyone having a remarkable issue with this however this certainly cannot be ruled out.	
Recent bias incidents or crimes may have sparked retaliatory bias crime	There were no reports of bias incidents or crimes that may have sparked a retaliatory bias crime.	

Indicators	(y/n)
Evidence of Bias Crime – sufficient evidence/information exists to prove beyond a reasonable doubt that the incident was either wholly or partially motivated by bias towards one of the protected categories and constitutes a criminal offence.	No
Suspected Bias Crime – evidence/information exists that the incident may have been motivated by bias but the incident cannot be proven beyond a reasonable doubt that it was either wholly or partially motivated by bias and constitutes a criminal offence.	No
No Evidence of Bias Crime – the incident has been determined as either not being motivated by bias towards a protected group or although bias motivation is in evidence it does not relate to a protected group.	No
Insufficient Information – insufficient information has been recorded to make a determination in regards to bias motivation. This may be due to a lack of detail recorded by police or a lack of information supplied by victim's and/or witnesses.	Yes

BEDSER was stabbed in his Antique store at 4 Darcy Street, Parramatta. At the time of BEDSER'S death there was no evidence to suggest that the location was one where bias crimes had previously been committed and there is no evidence to suggest that BEDSER was a member of a group that bias crimes were committed against. Research of Police and media holdings has shown there is no report of other homosexual men being murdered within the surrounding area at the time of BEDSER'S death. There is no evidence to suggest that BEDSER was receiving harassing mail or phone calls prior to his death. Evidence suggests BEDSER was engaging in sexual activities with younger boys however there is no evidence in respect to anyone having a remarkable issue with this however this certainly cannot be ruled out.

## 6. Victim/Witness Perception

Prompts	Comment
Witnesses (actual) perceive that the incident was motivated by bias	No persons physically witnessed BEDSER being stabbed. In a Radio/Telephone message dated 02 December 1980, created by Det Sgt HAMILTON, a witness stated they saw a male fighting and wrestling with the deceased in the deceased shop shortly before he received fatal stab wounds (IN-168). I41 a sixteen year old student was interviewed by Police. I41 claimed she entered the deceased shop around 2:00 pm on the day he was murdered and he was standing behind the counter with a 40 year old woman. I41 claims she left the shop and crossed the footpath

	and almost immediately heard the breaking of glass and shortly after saw the deceased going towards the fruit shop saying "I'm done get an ambulance". I41 waited for the ambulance to arrive and did not notice the female or any other person leave the shop of the deceased. John PECK gives a similar account as I41 however suggests he saw a female in her twenties leave the shop after the deceased run out of the shop (IN-174). WYOUSSES stated she was looking in to the shop window and actually witnessed the scuffle between the deceased and his attacker, who was a male and dressed as such. This did not exclude the possibility a female was also present at the time (IN-175). Ethole ALDWINCKLE heard a series of crashing and grunting noises and has looked into the deceased shop where she sighted a man run out of the shop. As this male passed ALDWINCKLE he shrugged his shoulders, threw his arms out and said "It's nothing to do with me, I didn't do anything" (ST-573). Rofenia DAVIS was walking along Darcy Street near the deceased shop when she sighted a male running towards her. When this male was about ten metres from DAVIS he yelled out 'get an ambulance' on two occasions (ST-581). In a report of Occurrence completed by TREBLEY he stated he received a phone call from Mrs MAGERS a friend of BEDSER where she stated "it was common knowledge that the deceased was a homosexual amongst the antique dealers, and she felt that it would be more likely that he was murdered over something to do with this line than over
Indicators	anything to do with antiques"(IN-194).
Evidence of Bias Crime – sufficient evidence/information exists to prove beyond a reasonable doubt that the incident was either wholly or partially motivated by bias towards one of the protected categories and constitutes a criminal offence.	No No
Suspected Bias Crime – evidence/information exists that the incident may have been motivated by bias but the incident cannot be proven beyond a reasonable doubt that it was either wholly or partially motivated by bias and constitutes a criminal offence.	No
No Evidence of Bias Crime – the incident has been determined as either not being motivated by bias towards a protected group or although bias motivation is in evidence it does not relate to a protected group.	No

Insufficient Information – insufficient information has been recorded to make a determination in regards to bias motivation. This may be due to a lack of detail recorded by police or a lack of information supplied by victim's and/or witnesses.

Yes

#### **GENERAL COMMENT**

No persons physically witnessed BEDSER being stabbed. During the investigation into BEDSER's death several witnesses who were near the store when BEDSER was stabbed came forward. Most witnesses described a male running from BEDSER'S shop as about thirty five years old; about five foot ten tall and a bit on the heavy side. His hair was brown in colour and appeared to be thinning at the front. He had it parted from the left to the right and was clean shaven. This is however conflicted in 'Synopsis 80/174' in which two witness describe a female as opposed to a male being present in BEDSER'S shop. No witnesses directly claim to perceive the death of BEDSER to have been motivated by bias however in a report of Occurrence completed by TREBLEY he stated he received a phone call from Mrs MAGERS a friend of BEDSER where she stated "it was common knowledge that the deceased was a homosexual amongst the antique dealers, and she felt that it would be more likely that he was murdered over something to do with this line than over anything to do with antiques."

### 7. Motive of Offender/s

Prompts	Comment
POI was previously involved in similar incident or is a member/associates with members of an OHG	As a result of the investigation no persons have been identified as having responsible for the death of BEDSER.
The victim was in company of a member of the targeted group	I41 a sixteen year old student was interviewed by Police.  I41 claimed she entered the deceased shop around 2:00pm on the day he was murdered and he was standing behind the counter with a 40 year old woman.  I41 claims she left the shop and crossed the footpath and almost immediately heard the breaking of glass and shortly after saw the deceased going towards the fruit shop saying "I'm done get an ambulance."  I41 waited for the ambulance to arrive and did not notice the female or any other person leave the shop of the deceased. John PECK gave a similar account as I41 however suggests he saw a female in her twenties leave the shop after the deceased run out of the shop (IN-174). Ethole ALDWINCKLE heard a series of crashing and grunting noises and has looked into the deceased shop where she sighted a man run out of the shop. As this male passed ALDWINCKLE he shrugged his shoulders, threw his arms out and said "It's nothing to do with me, I didn't do anything" (ST-573). Whilst there is conflicting information in relation to conversation and the sex of the person who ran from BEDSER'S store nothing can be confirmed in this respect to the involvement, motive and/or sexuality of said person.

The victim was perceived to be breaking from traditional conventions or working non-traditional employment  employment	There is no evidence to suggest that BEDSER was perceived to be working non-traditional employment. BEDSER was an antique dealer and owned his own antique shop. A friend and professional associate of BEDSER'S, Gregory BOLTON, stated "BEDSER was ruthless in business and had a bad name in the antique trade because of his ruthlessness and used to travel to country areas on buying trips" (IN195). BEDSER'S desire to engage in sexual activities with younger boys would be considered to be breaking from traditional conventions.
The POI has a history of previous crimes with similar MO and involving other victims of the same group	As a result of the investigation no persons have been identified as having any involvement in the death of BEDSER.
Indicators	(y/n)
Evidence of Bias Crime – sufficient evidence/information exists to prove beyond a reasonable doubt that the incident was either wholly or partially motivated by bias towards one of the protected categories and constitutes a criminal offence.	No
Suspected Bias Crime – evidence/information exists that the incident may have been motivated by bias but the incident cannot be proven beyond a reasonable doubt that it was either wholly or partially motivated by bias and constitutes a criminal offence.	No
No Evidence of Bias Crime – the incident has been determined as either not being motivated by bias towards a protected group or although bias motivation is in evidence it does not relate to a protected group.	No
Insufficient Information – insufficient information has been recorded to make a determination in regards to bias motivation. This may be due to a lack of detail recorded by police or a lack of information supplied by victim's and/or witnesses.	Yes
GENERAL COMMENT	
As a result of the investigation there has been no persons identified as having involvement in the death of BEDSER. There are limited witnesses prior and after to the actual stabbing of BEDSER.  I41   a sixteen year old student was interviewed by Police.  I41   claims she entered the deceased shop around 2:00pm on the day he was murdered and he was standing behind the counter with a 40 year old woman.  I41   claims she left the shop and crossed the footpath and almost immediately heard the breaking of glass and shortly after saw the deceased going towards the fruit shop saying "I'm done get an ambulance".  I41   waited for the ambulance to arrive and did not notice the female or any other person leave the shop of the deceased. John PECK gave a similar account as   I41   however suggests he saw a female in her twenties leave the shop after the deceased ran out of the shop. Ethole ALDWINCKLE heard a series of crashing and grunting noises and has looked into the deceased shop where she sighted a man run out of the shop. As this male passed ALDWINCKLE he shrugged his shoulders, threw his arms out and said "It's nothing to do with me, I	

didn't do anything." Whilst there is conflicting information in relation to conversation and the sex of the person who ran from BEDSER'S store nothing can be confirmed in this respect to the involvement, motive and/or sexuality of said person. There is no evidence to suggest that BEDSER was perceived to be working non-traditional employment. BEDSER was an antique dealer and owned his own antique shop. A friend and professional associate of BEDSER'S, Gregory BOLTON, stated "BEDSER was ruthless in business and had a bad name in the antique trade because of his ruthlessness and used to travel to country areas on buying trips." BEDSER'S desire to engage in sexual activities with younger boys would be considered to be breaking from traditional conventions.

8. Location of Incident	
Prompts	Comment
The victim was in or near an area or place commonly associated with or frequented by members of a particular group e.g. beat  The victim was in or near an area or place commonly associated with or frequented by members of a particular group e.g. beat	BEDSER was stabbed numerous times inside his antique shop at 4 Darcy Street Parramatta on 2 December 1980 by unknown offenders. BEDSER ran from the shop and collapsed in the green grocer directly opposite his shop. BEDSER was conveyed to Hospital where he was pronounced deceased. At the time of BEDSER'S death there was no evidence to support that the location was one where bias crimes had previously been committed and there is no evidence to suggest that BEDSER was a member of a group that bias crimes were committed against prior, in or near to his store. However, there is current information today that suggests that within the area of the Parramatta CBD where BEDSER was murdered are known beat locations.
The location of an incident has specific significance to the victim or POI group e.g. cemetery, religious building, historical landmark, etc	BEDSER was the owner of the antique shop where he was murdered. The location would have held significance to BEDSER as it was his business which he had built.
Indicators	(y/n)
Evidence of Bias Crime – sufficient evidence/information exists to prove beyond a reasonable doubt that the incident was either wholly or partially motivated by bias towards one of the protected categories and constitutes a criminal offence.	No
Suspected Bias Crime – evidence/information exists that the incident may have been motivated by bias but the incident cannot be proven beyond a reasonable doubt that it was either wholly or partially motivated by bias and constitutes a criminal offence.	No

No Evidence of Bias Crime – the incident has been determined as either not being motivated by bias towards a protected group or although bias motivation is in evidence it does not relate to a protected group.	No
Insufficient Information – insufficient information has been recorded to make a determination in regards to bias motivation. This may be due to a lack of detail recorded by police or a lack of information supplied by victim's and/or witnesses.	Yes

BEDSER was stabbed numerous times inside his antique shop at 4 Darcy Street Parramatta on the 2 December 1980 by unknown offenders. BEDSER ran from the shop and collapsed in the green grocer directly opposite his shop. BEDSER was conveyed to Hospital where he was pronounced deceased. At the time of BEDSER'S death there was no evidence to support that the location was one where bias crimes had previously been committed and there is no evidence to suggest that BEDSER was a member of a group that bias crimes were committed against prior, in or near to his store. However, there is current information today that suggests that within the area of the Parramatta CBD where BEDSER was murdered are known beat locations.

### 9. Lack of Motive

Prompts	Comment
No clear economic or other motive for the incident exists	There is no clear economic or other motive which has been identified. In a report of occurrence relating to the interview of Gregory BOLTON, a friend of the deceased, BOLTON stated Mrs    NP59

understanding NP58 father would pay the money back when
father would pay the money back when
he received his compensation cheque.
NP58 purchased a Ford
he received his compensation cheque.  NP58 purchased a Ford Escort with the money.  NP58 intended on
NP58 intended on
purchasing another vehicle 5 months
prior to the death of BEDSER however
the deceased would not loan him the
money. NP58 and the
deceased had an argument over it
where NP58 told the
the deceased would not loan him the money.  NP58 and the deceased had an argument over it where NP58 told the deceased to 'piss off'.
i MP30 Gains and mas the
rast time he saw the deceased (IN-198).
In a report of occurrence relating to the
interview of 142 a friend of NP58
NP58 informed Poirce about his knowledge of the insurance
claim respecting NP58
3 1
motor vehicle. <b>I42</b> admitted knowledge to the claim being false and
that he had lied to the NRMA. <b>142</b>
was told by NP58 his
was told by NP58 his vehicle was going to be stolen whilst
they attended a disco in Belfield on the
27 September1980 by his friend
from Castle Hill. NP58
went on to tell
going to be stripped and burnt out and
he would then make a claim through the
_
NP58 asked I42
to lie for him when interviewed by the
insurance company in which 142
did (IN-204). Douglas SAMUELS the
Claims Manager from NRMA Insurance
received an anonymous phone call
(believed to be BEDSER). In a
statement to Police, SAMUELS said "On
the 3rd October 1980, I was at my office
when I received a telephone call. The
caller obviously a male, with a high
pitched voice, with a nasal sound said, 'you've either got a claim form there or
going to receive a claim shortly for a
stolen car which is owned by NP58
NP58 The claim is a
dud. I know that NP58 paid a bloke called
John \$400.00 to steal the car.
I said 'why do you want to give me this
information?' The caller said 'Personal
reasons. I lent the money to the family to
buy the car and they were supposed to
pay it back the next week. They bought
the car and when it came to pay the
money, they paid by installments and
not as agreed. They owe me \$800 and
they refuse to pay me.' He went on to
say. 'I get on well with the family and I
even bought them a colour television set
for Christmas. We had a falling out over
the problem of the money and we not on
speaking terms with the family at all
now.' He also went on to say 'I won the
lottery some time ago and that's how I
was able to afford the financing of the

	car" (ST-590). In a statement made by I203 the ST of BEDSER he stated he received a phone call from BEDSER in October 1980 where BEDSER asked him to contact American Imports, Melbourne and price a Buick Station Wagon for him.  I203 contacted American Imports and he was quoted a price over the phone of \$30 000 1203 called the deceased back and advised him of the price. The deceased told 1203 he was given a price of \$34 000 plus \$4-5000 for conversion and registration.  Wally (the deceased) asked to recheck the price. I rang American Imports again and verified the price and again contacted Wally said that it sounded strange and said he was going to have a look at the car anyway. When I spoke to American Imports the second time, I asked if they had anything cheaper. The same man that I spoke to the first time said they had a car in Sydney, a Pontiac Station Wagon for \$16 000 and gave Wally's shop address at 4 Darcy Street, Parramatta - Parramatta Antiques" (ST-594). There is no prior mention of BEDSER listing is Pontiac Station Wagon for sale through the American Imports company or if this had any bearing on his murder.
Indicators	(y/n)
Evidence of Bias Crime – sufficient evidence/information exists to prove beyond a reasonable doubt that the incident was either wholly or partially motivated by bias towards one of the protected categories and constitutes a criminal offence.	No
Suspected Bias Crime – evidence/information exists that the incident may have been motivated by bias but the incident cannot be proven beyond a reasonable doubt that it was either wholly or partially motivated by bias and constitutes a criminal offence.	No
No Evidence of Bias Crime – the incident has been determined as either not being motivated by bias towards a protected group or although bias motivation is in evidence it does not relate to a protected group.	No
Insufficient Information – insufficient information has been recorded to make a determination in regards to bias motivation. This may be due to a lack of detail	Yes

There has been no clear economic or other motive identified for the death of BEDSER. In a report of occurrence relating to the interview of Gregory BOLTON, a friend of the deceased, BOLTON stated Mrs. NP59 owed the deceased money, approximately \$300 and had discussed this with the deceased. The deceased informed BOLTON of an alleged threat made to him by Mrs. NP59 and BOLTON suggested the deceased tape record future conversations with her. It is unclear on what threat was actually made to BEDSER.

#### 10. Level of Violence

Prompts	Comment
The level of violence and injuries sustained by the victim/s is greater than would be expected for a crime of that type  The level of violence and injuries sustained by the victim/s is greater than would be expected for a crime of that type	Dr. Graham MALOUF, GMO Parramatta, formed the opinion the death of BEDSER was caused by a fatal stab wound which pierced both sides of his liver. There were also extensive gashes to his arm (IN-170). In the clinical notes completed by Dr. MANNING he stated "The deceased was unconscious and not responding to pain on arrival." In the opinion of Dr. MANNING the cause of death was hypovolemic shock (severe blood and fluid loss) (OD-283).
Weapons of opportunity are used in the incident	In a statement made by Emma CLARKE who was a customer of the toy shop in the arcade of Darcy Street, near BEDSER'S shop, CLARKE stated she attended the toy shop about 9:10 to 9:15 when a male entered the shop about three minutes after her. The male asked a shop attendant for a black handled knife with coloured cord wrapped around the handle and a brown sheath (ST-580). The description given by CLARKE is the same as the description given by witnesses who were in the vicinity of the deceased shop when they saw a man run out just prior to the deceased being stabbed. There were no items located at the crime scene.
The number of POI's is greater than the number of victims and all POI's take an active role in the assault  assault	As a result of the investigation no persons have been identified as being responsible for BEDSER'S death. There are limited witnesses prior and after to the actual stabbing of BEDSER. I41  I41 a sixteen year old student was interviewed by Police. I41 claimed she entered the deceased shop around 2:00pm on the day he was murdered and he was standing behind the counter with a 40 year old woman.  I41 claims she left the shop and crossed the footpath and almost immediately heard the breaking of glass and shortly after saw the deceased going towards the fruit shop saying "I'm done get an ambulance."

	waited for the ambulance to arrive and did not notice the female or any other person leave the shop of the deceased. John PECK gives a similar account as IA1 jowever suggests he saw a female in her twenties leave the shop after the deceased run out of the shop (IN-174). Ethole ALDWINCKLE heard a series of crashing and grunting noises and has looked into the deceased shop where she sighted a man run out of the shop. As this male passed ALDWINCKLE he shrugged his shoulders, threw his arms out and said "It's nothing to do with me, I didn't do anything" (ST-573). Evidence suggests only one person was likely to be responsible for the death of BEDSER.
Indicators	(y/n)
Evidence of Bias Crime – sufficient evidence/information exists to prove beyond a reasonable doubt that the incident was either wholly or partially motivated by bias towards one of the protected categories and constitutes a criminal offence.	No
Suspected Bias Crime – evidence/information exists that the incident may have been motivated by bias but the incident cannot be proven beyond a reasonable doubt that it was either wholly or partially motivated by bias and constitutes a criminal offence.	No
No Evidence of Bias Crime – the incident has been determined as either not being motivated by bias towards a protected group or although bias motivation is in evidence it does not relate to a protected group.	No
Insufficient Information – insufficient information has been recorded to make a determination in regards to bias motivation. This may be due to a lack of detail recorded by police or a lack of information supplied by victim's and/or witnesses.	Yes

From the evidence it appears that the injuries sustained by BEDSER were caused as a result of him being stabbed numerous times. Dr. Graham MALOUF, GMO Parramatta, formed the opinion the death of BEDSER was caused by a fatal stab wound which pierced both sides of his liver. There were also extensive gashes to his arm. In the clinical notes completed by Dr. MANNING he stated "The deceased was unconscious and not responding to pain on arrival." In the opinion of Dr. MANNING the cause of death was hypovolemic shock (severe blood and fluid loss). In a statement made by Emma CLARKE who was a customer of the toy shop in the arcade of Darcy Street, near BEDSER'S shop, CLARKE stated she attended the toy shop about 9:10 to 9:15 when a male entered the shop about three minutes after her. The male asked a shop attendant for a black handled knife with coloured cord wrapped around the handle and a brown sheath. The description given by CLARKE is the same as the description given by witnesses who were in the vicinity of the deceased shop when they saw a man run out just prior to the deceased being stabbed. There were no items located at the crime scene to suggest that a weapon of opportunity was used during the incident. The motive behind the death of BEDSER has not been established. As such, comment cannot be made on the justification of the extreme level of violence displayed in this murder.

#### **SUMMARY OF FINDINGS**

Indicator: Insufficient Information (II)

Comment: Walter John BEDSER, a 47 year old male resided in the family home with his mother at I BEDSER was the owner of an antique dealer at 4 Darcy Street, Parramatta where he was victim to a stabbing. Several people came forward to Police about the sexuality of BEDSER and involvements they had with BEDSER sexually with the overall consensus that he was a homosexual male. In some of the statements provided by members of the public who knew BEDSER it would be reasonable to suggest BEDSER liked young males and would employ them at his shop with the intent of engaging in some type of sexual activity with them in the future. Numerous witnesses provided statements to Police in which they described a male leave the deceased shop moments after he was stabbed yelling out 'get an ambulance. BEDSER was seen to exit his shop bleeding and collapsed out the front of the green grocer directly opposite. BEDSER was conveyed to Hospital where he was pronounced deceased. No persons have been charged with the death of BEDSER, as such it is unknown what the sexuality of the person responsible is. At the time of BEDSER'S death there was no evidence to suggest that the location was one where bias crimes had previously been committed and there is no evidence to suggest that BEDSER was a member of a group that bias crimes were committed against in that particular area. There is no evidence to suggest that BEDSER was receiving harassing mail or phone calls prior to his death. Evidence suggests BEDSER was engaging in sexual activities with younger boys however there is no evidence in respect to anyone having a remarkable issue with this however this certainly cannot be ruled out. No persons physically witnessed BEDSER being stabbed. Most witnesses described a male running from BEDSER'S shop as about thirty five years old; about five foot ten tall and a bit on the heavy side. His hair was brown in colour and appeared to be thinning at the front. He had it parted from the left to the right and was clean shaven. This is however conflicted in 'Synopsis 80/174' in which two witness describe a female as opposed to a 141 male being present in BEDSER'S shop. a sixteen year old student was interviewed by Police. claims she entered the deceased shop around 2:00pm on the day he was murdered and he was 141 standing behind the counter with a 40 year old woman. claims she left the shop and crossed the footpath and almost immediately heard the breaking of glass and shortly after saw the deceased going towards the fruit shop saying "I'm done get an ambulance". | 41 | waited for the ambulance to arrive and did not notice the female or any other person leave the shop of the deceased. John PECK gave a similar account as however suggests he saw a female in her twenties leave the shop after the deceased ran out of the shop. Ethole ALDWINCKLE heard a series of crashing and grunting noises and has looked into the deceased shop where she sighted a man run out of the shop. As this male passed ALDWINCKLE he shrugged his shoulders, threw his arms out and said "It's nothing to do with me, I didn't do anything." There is no information to suggest that any persons however made bias related comments, written statements or gestures towards BEDSER at the time of his death. No witnesses directly claim to perceive the death of BEDSER to have been motivated by bias however in a report of Occurrence completed by TREBLEY he stated he received a phone call from Mrs MAGERS a friend of BEDSER where she stated "it was common knowledge that the deceased was a homosexual amongst the antique dealers, and she felt that it would be more likely that he was murdered over something to do with this line than over anything to do with antiques." A friend and professional associate of BEDSER'S, Gregory BOLTON, stated "BEDSER was ruthless in business and had a bad name in the antique trade because of his ruthlessness and used to travel to country areas on buying trips." There has been no clear economic motive identified for the death of BEDSER. In a report of occurrence relating to the interview of Gregory BOLTON, a friend of the deceased, BOLTON stated Mrs **NP59** owed the deceased money, approximately \$300 and had discussed this with the deceased. The deceased informed BOLTON of an alleged threat made to him by Mrs and BOLTON suggested the deceased NP59 tape record future conversations with her. It is unclear on what threat was actually made to BEDSER. Dr. Graham MALOUF, GMO Parramatta, formed the opinion the death of BEDSER was caused by a fatal stab wound which pierced both sides of his liver. There were also extensive gashes to his arm. In the clinical notes completed by Dr. MANNING he stated "The deceased was unconscious and not responding to pain on arrival." In the opinion of Dr. MANNING the cause of death was hypovolemic shock (severe blood and fluid loss). In a statement made by Emma CLARKE who was a customer of the toy shop in the arcade of Darcy Street, near BEDSER'S shop, CLARKE stated she attended the toy shop about 9:10 to 9:15 when a male entered the shop about three minutes after her. The male asked a shop attendant for a black handled knife with coloured cord wrapped around the handle and a brown sheath. The description given by CLARKE is the same as the description given by witnesses who were in the vicinity of the deceased shop when they saw a man run out just prior to the deceased being stabbed. The motive behind the death of BEDSER has not been established. As such, comment cannot be made on the justification of the extreme level of violence displayed in this murder.