# 2022 Special Commission of Inquiry into LGBTIQ hate crimes 

Before: The Commissioner, The Honourable Justice John Sackar

At Level 2, 121 Macquarie Street, Sydney, New South Wales

On Thursday, 8 December 2022 at 2.00pm
(Day 13)

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Mr Peter Gray SC (Senior Counsel Assisting)
Ms Christine Melis (Counsel Assisting)
Mr William de Mars (Counsel Assisting)
Ms Kathleen Heath (Counsel Assisting)
Ms Gráinne Marsden (Counsel Assisting)
Ms Meg O'Brien (Counsel Assisting)
Ms Claire Palmer (Counsel Assisting)
Mr Enzo Camporeale (Director Legal)
Ms Kate Lockery (Principal Solicitor)
Also Present:
Mr Mark Tedeschi KC (for NSW Police)
Mr Anders Mykkeltvedt (for NSW Police)
Mr Ken Madden (for Sergeant Steer)
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THE COMMISSIONER: Yes, Mr Crandell, would you be kind enough to come back into the witness box, thank you.
<ANTHONY CRANDELL, on former affirmation: [2.00pm]
<EXAMINATION BY MR GRAY CONTINUING:
MR GRAY: Q. Good afternoon, Mr Crandell.
A. Good afternoon, Mr Gray.
Q. Could you, once again, have put before you volume 1. And turn to tab 15 again, which is the coordinating instructions [SCOI.75071]?
A. Yes.
Q. On page 4, at the close of play yesterday, I went through with you four findings as set out on the top of page 4?
A. Yes.
Q. And the language that was used. Now, reminding yourself of the last 20 minutes or so of yesterday -A. Yes.
Q. -- would you accept that imposing the requirement of beyond reasonable doubt in relation to whatever material might have survived in the old files, in at least the first two of those findings, would increase the likelihood that the review process might underestimate the presence of bias in the cases?
A. Look, I don't believe so. That certainly was not my intention.
Q. Accepting for the moment that it wasn't your intention --
A. Yes.
Q. -- and putting that to one side, but --
A. No, I don't --
Q. -- introducing that high standard, criminal standard, in a situation where the documentary material was likely to be incomplete or not very large, wouldn't that mean that the risk of underestimating bias was increased?
A. Look, I don't believe so. The purpose in putting that standard in there was because criminal investigators will understand the standard of proof, they are taught that,
they are trained in standards of proof, and that would be an indicator as to what they should be looking at in order to get to the first or second category. So I don't think I don't think that would necessarily underestimate whether gay-hate bias was wholly or partially a motivating factor for that person's death.
Q. Well, I'll put it perhaps a slightly different way. If the question that they were to be asked, let's say, on finding 1, which is called "Bias Crime" there, was actually the question referred to in the final report, namely, is there evidence of bias crime --
A. Yes.
Q. -- that might lead to one answer. But if the question
is this one, "Is there sufficient evidence capable of proving something beyond a reasonable doubt", that might lead to a different answer, mightn't it?
A. Yes, but I think in the fullness of time that that gets teased out. So whilst that might be an initial inquiry as to whether there is material or evidence of a bias crime, I think as you move through, then the different classifications become more clear.
Q. All right. I'll move on to the next paragraph on that page, below the four findings. Do you see the paragraph beginning "At the conclusion"?
A. Yes.
Q. What the coordinating instructions say there is that at the conclusion of each case review, an overall conclusion will be made - et cetera. I won't read it all out.
A. Yes, yes.
Q. At the end of that paragraph, this sentence appears:

All conclusions in relation to the role of bias are made on the balance of probabilities.

Do you see that?
A. Yes, I do.
Q. You, I am sure, have an understanding of what that standard of proof --
A. Yes.
Q. -- is referring to; it's the civil standard?
A. Yes.
Q. And it is, putting it simply, a lower standard or a lower hurdle than the criminal standard of beyond reasonable doubt?
A. Yes.
Q. Was any guidance given to the Parrabell officers as to what that different standard of proof meant?
A. I can't tell you that.
Q. And why was a different standard of proof introduced at this conclusion stage?
A. My interpretation would be that we want the officers to have a look at the breadth of material, a large breadth of material, not necessarily rule anything out before it's ruled in, and then come to a view on that. So the --
Q. Sorry, go on.
A. Sorry. The classifications, in terms of the bias crime categories, would then be made once all that material was considered. So I guess what I - I guess what I'm saying there is I didn't necessarily want to lose anything on the basis of, well, is that evidence, is it not? So I'd be more inclusion - it would be more of an inclusive statement than anything.
Q. What did you think would be the effect of having the balance of probability standard, a lower hurdle, at the end, if the higher hurdle had been a necessary or compulsory part of the process at an earlier stage?
A. Yes, but what I'm saying is that that higher standard is for the purposes of classification.
Q. Yes.
A. The lower standard is for the purposes of gathering the evidence or the material that may well lead to that classification. That's the way I'm reading that.
Q. Sorry, for the purpose of gathering the evidence, did you say?
A. For the purpose of gathering information that would indicate whether or not it should go into one of those classifications. I think that they would want them to consider a broad range of documentation rather than exclude
it and say, "Well, that doesn't prove anything beyond reasonable doubt, therefore I won't look at it." It would make more sense for me if the investigators looked at a broad range of materials and then made a decision on where that should be classified after the review processes are conducted.
Q. So what was the object of the first part of the process that did include "beyond reasonable doubt"?
A. Well, no, that's the classification part of it. So they need to have that classified into whether or not it's a "Bias Crime", whether or not it's "Suspected Bias", "Not a Bias Crime", or "Insufficient Evidence". In order to do that, there was guidance provided based on the beyond reasonable doubt state of proof. But for them to gather information obviously I would not want them to exclude material because it didn't reach a certain standard.
I want them to have a look at as much material as possible.
Q. But aren't you, with respect, putting the cart before the horse? This is telling us that the balance of probabilities standard would come at the end, not at the beginning?
A. I can see how you might think that in terms of the structure of the document.
Q. Well, not just the structure of the document; it says that that's what will happen at the conclusion of the case review, not --

THE COMMISSIONER: Q. So what would happen if an officer thought there was insufficient information, so it is not a bias crime; how would the balance of probabilities then come into it?
A. I think the - well, to my way of reading that, the officer would come to an opinion.
Q. Yes.
A. And that would then be a discussion held that would then determine whether or not that information would go into a certain category or not, your Honour?
Q. What I'm having trouble with is this: if you set out a structure like this, what were the criteria, then, that would govern the conclusion or the discussion leading to the conclusion one way or the other on the balance of probabilities? Where is the guidance for the person doing
this at the end of having collected the information? Where is the guidance as to what criteria were to be invoked for the purpose of the balance of probabilities discussion? A. I believe that would have been covered by the --
Q. Well, when you say you believe - look, Mr Crandel1, am I getting the impression that you were so far above the detail of this that you really didn't have a hands-on role in precisely how the officers filled out the forms and were monitored in the course of their exercise?
A. The officers were monitored by senior --
Q. I would like you to answer my question. You keep this is not the first time you have used the term "believe". I accept that you are giving me the best information you can. By your use of the term "believe", does that mean you are signalling to me that you don't have any personal or direct recollection of what occurred or you don't have any or did not have any involvement in how, in fact, these discussions, the balance of probabilities conclusion, was arrived at?
A. The only - the only - involvement that I had was when we would have monthly meetings that I would go to.
Q. Yes, okay, okay,
A. I was not involved in the induction of officers and I was not involved in the day-to-day determinations of these matters.
Q. Okay. And who was the person who gave the officers, if they needed it, day-to-day guidance, assistance, dialogue - who was that person?
A. They are the three officers that I've indicated.
Q. All right. One or other of the three?
A. Yes.
Q. Okay.
A. Yes, that's my understanding, your Honour.

THE COMMISSIONER: Thank you. I'm sorry, Mr Gray.
MR GRAY: Not at all.
Q. So you didn't, among other things, do any of the actual reviewing yourself of any case?
A. No.
Q. Or complete any of the forms yourself?
A. No.
Q. So you went to the monthly meetings?
A. Yes - not every monthly meeting. I think I've said that earlier in evidence.
Q. Okay. Some monthly meetings?
A. Yes.
Q. And they were attended by yourself, the three lead officers that you've mentioned and others --
A. Yes.
Q. -- or just you and those three?
A. No, I think it would have been other officers as wel1, as in the investigators.
Q. A11 of them or some of them?
A. The ones that were working on the cases that were to be reviewed.
Q. A11 right. And apart from attending some of those monthly meetings - and I don't say this critically either you had no other actual involvement in the process? A. No.
Q. Now, a different but related point to the one we were just looking at about standard of proof - these four possible findings that are set out on page 4 --
A. Yes.
Q. -- and the precise language attributable to each of the four --
A. Yes.
Q. -- they didn't come from the US Massachusetts document, did they - that terminology on the top of page 4 ? A. I'm uncertain because I'm not familiar with that document.
Q. A11 right. We11, make the assumption, if you wil1and if Mr Tedeschi thinks differently in due course he can say so, but for my purposes rather than laboriously take you to the American document --
A. Yes.
Q. -- assume that those four findings and that language don't come from the American document.
A. If you tell me that, Mr Gray, I'm happy to accept that.
Q. Right. Indeed, according to the footnote at the bottom of page 4 --
A. Yes.
Q. -- it says the findings are sourced from the Bias Crime Unit?
A. Yes.
Q. Now, what I want to do briefly is just try to identify what that means?
A. Yes.
Q. First of all could you be shown in volume 7, tab 188, [SCOI.75057]?
A. Yes. I think you showed me this yesterday - no - yes.
Q. So these are the Standard Operating Procedures for the Bias Crimes Unit as at 2015. Do you know that to be so or --
A. I don't.
Q. -- something you don't know?
A. The only thing that concerns me is that there's no corporate sponsor message in the document and no Commissioner's message. I don't know whether that signals a draft or whether it's a final document. I can't tell you.
Q. We11, it's what we've been provided with. If there's some later version that has some content on those pages, no doubt it can be produced, but that's what we have, so I'11 have to proceed on the assumption that this is --
A. Can I ask if it's a 2015 document?
Q. Yes, so we are told, it's a 2015 document.
A. I understood them to have been published in 2015.
Q. Are you now or were you then familiar with these

Standard Operating Procedures of the Bias Crimes Unit?
A. I was familiar at the time and I've had a look at some of the materials, yes.
Q. I just want to show you a couple of parts of them. If you turn to page 15 - sorry, 13 --
A. Sorry, did you say page 13 ?
Q. Page 13 of this document. And there is a heading in the middle of the page "Responding to an Incident - Role and Responsibilities."?
A. Yes.
Q. I don't need to go through all of it with you but the introductory sentence says:

Current SOPs [meaning Standard Operating
Procedures] and procedures are to be
practised as any other crime scene when responding to an incident.
A. Yes.
Q. So the SOPs, if I may call them that, are addressing a situation where a crime has just occurred and police are attending and they are about to begin investigating - is that --
A. Yes.
Q. Then on page 14, there's a heading "Identification of a Bias Crime"?
A. Yes.
Q. And at that point - ie, immediately after the crime has occurred --
A. Yes.
Q. -- the attending police are urged to consider if one or more of the following bias crime indicators are present?
A. Yes.
Q. Agreed?
A. Yes, I do.
Q. Then they are lettered (a) to (j), rather than 1 to 10 , but there are 10 of them, as you can see?
A. Yes, I can.
Q. And the first one is racial, ethnic, gender, religious and cultural differences, et cetera?
A. Yes.
Q. It's clear enough that they are either identical to or pretty similar to the indicators as ultimately appeared in the BCI form?
A. Yes.
Q. Now, there's a note in red on page 15 -
A. Yes.
Q. -- which I won't read all of but spel1 out that the indicators are a guide only and not a legal certainty, et cetera?
A. Yes, yes.
Q. Then on page 15 , which is the page where the red is --
A. Yes.
Q. -- there's a heading "Suspicion of a Bias Crime", and what is to be done if the incident is suspected of being wholly or partially motivated by bias - namely, investigated "as a bias crime/incident"?
A. Yes.
Q. Agreed?
A. Yes.
Q. And then the last - I should say that those two terms, "suspected" - rather, "bias crime", I should say, and "bias incident", are defined earlier in the document?
A. Yes. Yes, they are.
Q. And if I can lastly take you just to page 42 , there is a heading "12.4 Classification"?
A. Yes.
Q. Which is dealing with what should happen at the completion of an investigation. And it says that incidents are to be classified under one of four headings, which are then set out.
A. Yes.
Q. You can see, I dare say immediately, that although with some similarities, these four are not in the same terminology as the four that find a place in the coordinating instructions or the bias crimes form?
A. Yes, with some similarities.
Q. There's some similarities, yes. But apart from some similarities, the third one, "Bias Incident" --
A. Yes.
Q. -- is not in your Bias Crime Indicator Form at al1?
A. No.
Q. Unsurprisingly.
A. Unsurprisingly. I wouldn't expect it to be.
Q. That's right. And conversely, the one that is in the bias crime form, namely "Insufficient Information" --
A. Yes.
Q. -- is not on this page?
A. That's correct.
Q. That folder could be returned, and could you now have volume 3, please. And if you would turn to tab 64A, [SCOI.77319], you'11 see it's 1ike a PowerPoint type presentation?
A. Yes.
Q. We understand this to be a presentation by Sergeant Steer in June 2016. If you turn - the pages are numbered in small letters on the top right?
A. Yes.
Q. If you turn to page 10, you'11 see there's a section that begins "Bias Crime Indicators"?
A. Yes.
Q. And there are some preliminary remarks about them being only a guide, and so forth, and then they are set out, and number 1 is "Differences", and you wil1 see the words "Immutable characteristic differences" there?
A. Sorry, can you - I'm on number 10.
Q. The first 1 ine - are you on page 11?
A. No, I'm on page 10.
Q. Sorry, if you turn to page 11, I beg your pardon.
A. Yes.
Q. You can see the heading "Bias Crimes Indicators", and the first one being "Differences"?
A. Yes.
Q. The first sub-point, or what turns out later to be a prompt, is "Immutable characteristic differences",
et cetera.
A. Yes.
Q. I'11 come back to that language shortly --
A. Yes.
Q. -- but meanwhile, I just wanted to show you, if you flick through quickly, that from that page, 11, through to 23, there are 10 indicators?
A. Yes.
Q. And there are then five classifications on page 25.
A. Yes.
Q. We11, Mr Tedeschi seems to have a different page numbering. I'm looking at a page which on mine is 25 , and has the word - the one that's on the screen, in fact?
A. Yes.
Q. Is that what you have?
A. Yes, it is.
Q. So there are five classifications there, on that page?
A. Yes.
Q. And the first - sorry, four of those five are the four classifications that finished up going in the coordinating instructions?
A. Yes.
Q. And the one that didn't was "Bias Incident"?
A. Yes, that's correct.
Q. Then if you turn back one tab in the volume to tab 64, [SCOI.74246], it's an email chain, and if we start at the back of it, being the first in the chain, at the bottom of the second page --
A. Yes.
Q. It's Mr Bignel1 to Geoffrey Steer on 28 June asking for "some additional information on the bias crime classifications you covered in your presentation"?
A. Yes.
Q. Do you see that?
A. Yes.
Q. So Mr Steer writes back at the foot of the first page, and extending over to the second page:

The presentation is attached.
Which is the one $I$ just showed you?
A. Yes.
Q.

Re: Classifications the definitions are below.

And there we find the five definitions which indeed are in the language that is in the coordinating instructions.
A. Yes.
Q. Now, that's in June 2016.
A. Yes.
Q. Detective Bigne11 then sends - forwards that email on to Craig Middleton?
A. Yes.
Q. And he says that the strike force proposes to use four of the five classifications?
A. Yes, that's true.
Q. And he attaches a copy of the presentation.
A. Yes.
Q. Now, as I say, those four definitions, if $I$ can use that term, set out in Mr Steer's email - "Bias Crime", "Suspected Bias Crime", "Bias Incident", "Not Bias Crime", and "Insufficient Information" - so those five, minus one --
A. Yes.
Q. -- are the four that finished up in the coordinating instructions; agree?
A. Yes, I agree.
Q. So could I suggest to you, for your agreement or not, that what the documents we've been looking at show about
the evolution of the coordinating instructions and the Bias Crime Indicator Form goes like this: first of all, by some time prior to 30 August 2015, the investigation plan was in existence?
A. Yes.
Q. We went through this yesterday?
A. We did.
Q. I think you can put that volume 3 away, just to de-clutter you, but if you have your volume 1 there, to the extent necessary, the investigation plan is at tab 14. [SCOI.74385]?
A. Yes.
Q. I won't rehash what we've already done --
A. Thank you.
Q. -- but the four findings that appear on page 3 down the bottom are the ones we talked about yesterday - that is, "There is evidence", "It appears likely", et cetera? A. Yes.
Q. And there is obviously no reference in those formulations to beyond reasonable doubt or those other matters?
A. Yes.
Q. So that's at some time as at or shortly before 30 August 2015. Then, secondly, there is the induction package, which I regret to say is not in that volume, but if we need it - and perhaps we should show you; it is in volume 2. Keep volume 1 with you, but volume 2, the last tab, 59, [SCOI.77317], is the induction package, and we know from the date that it was in existence at least by April 2016.
A. Yes.
Q. And it has the language at the bottom of page 3 the same as the investigation plan?
A. Yes, it does.
Q. "There is evidence", "It appears likely", et cetera?
A. Yes.
Q. And it has in it also, the induction package, the document there called "Bias Crimes Indicator Form",
starting on page 4 --
A. Yes.
Q. -- in which three of those four make an appearance, although the fourth doesn't, under the heading "Indicators"?
A. Sorry, three - sorry, I don't know what you're referring to.
Q. Okay. The four, at the bottom of page 3 - the four findings are --
A. Yes.
Q. "There is evidence" that sexuality or other bias was involved ?
A. Yes.
Q. Two, "It appears likely" that it was involved?
A. Yes.
Q. Three, "It appears unlikely" that it was involved?
A. Yes.
Q. And four, "There is no evidence". Now, three of those four - that is, "There is evidence", "It appears likely", and "There is no evidence" - are in the form on page 4 , down the bottom under the heading "Indicators"?
A. Oh, yes, sorry, yes.
Q. But the fourth, "It appears unlikely", is not there.
A. No. It says "No evidence."
Q. We11 --
A. Sorry, I know what you're saying, yes.
Q. On page 3 there are four options?
A. Yes, it's left out, "appears unlikely", yes.

I understand.
Q. And one of them is left out in the form?
A. Yes.
Q. Okay. So that's as at Apri1 2016.
A. Wel1 - sorry, on what basis do you say that? Is that as at the published date of this document?
Q. On the first page there's a date that says
published Apri1 2016?
A. Yes. I just didn't want it to be related to the reference to Sergeant Steer delivering the PowerPoint, because it was in play prior to that.
Q. No, I'm going to come to that. That's why I'm trawling through the chronology. First, number 1, the investigation plan as at August 2015?
A. Yes.
Q. Number 2, this package, which was in play at least by, if not before, Apri1 2016?
A. Yes.
Q. Then number 3 - and I'm afraid volume 2 can come back but you'11 now need volume 3. And if you go in volume 3 to tab 63, [SCOI.74237]?
A. Yes.
Q. Again, it's an email chain, and so $I$ need you to go to the back of the document, or the second page of the document?
A. Yes.
Q. You'11 see that halfway down the second page we have an email from Craig Middleton to yourself and others?
A. Yes.
Q. With an update on the progress of Parrabel1?
A. Yes.
Q. And he's telling you how many of the cases had been reviewed by that date?
A. Yes.
Q. And he then says, see about six lines down, he says
that there had been 28 finalised and he says:

Of those 28 the following has been
determined

Do you see that?
A. Yes, I can.
Q. He gives numbers as against four different classifications.
A. Yes.
Q. And you can see that the four classifications that he is using are the four that we've been looking at so far -A. Yes.
Q. "There is evidence", "It appears un1ikely", "It appears likely", et cetera?
A. "It appears unlikely", yes.
Q. So it seems that up to that point, 9 June 2016 , those were the indicators or findings that the officers were working with?
A. Yes.
Q. Right. Then, if you turn to the next page, next tab, rather, tab 64, [SCOI.74246], we find Mr Bignel1's email a couple of weeks later, in 1ate June 2016, to Mr Middleton --
A. Yes.
Q. -- saying that they were now going to make
a change --
A. Yes.
Q. -- namely, they're going to adopt Mr Steer's - wel1, four of Mr Steer's five classifications. You agree?
A. Yes.
Q. This email chain didn't include you, but were you told by Mr Bignell or Mr Middleton that these changes were being made?
A. I would think so.
Q. So it seems that from 29 June 2016, the indicators being used changed from being the four that had been used to that point to Mr Steer's four out of five?
A. It would seem so.
Q. Which included beyond reasonable doubt, et cetera?
A. Yes.
Q. And so it's those versions, from Mr Steer's emai1, that appear in the coordinating instructions and in the Bias Crime Indicator Form that's embedded in the coordinating instructions?
A. Yes.
Q. Now, that suggests, doesn't it, that both the coordinating instructions and the Bias Crime Indicator Form which formed part of those instructions did not exist in that form until 1ate June 2016?
A. Yeah, I - I agree. I think it would have been an evolutionary process.
Q. Which in turn suggests, doesn't it, that the Parrabel1 officers were working on one set of available findings or indicators up to June 2016, and on a different set after June 2016?
A. Potentially, yes.
Q. But then one more change in January 2017 - if we turn to tab 83 in that volume, [SCOI.74429] - this is the meeting we looked at yesterday about another topic?
A. Yes.
Q. It's a meeting on 19 January $2017 ?$
A. Yes.
Q. It involves, among other things, this dip sample and

Mr Steer?
A. Yes.
Q. I've been over that. But I wanted to direct your attention to the third page, which comes - which is at a point after various cases had been discussed?
A. Yes.
Q. The second bullet point says:

At this point a useful discussion on terminology followed.
A. Yes.
Q. Do you see that?
A. Yes.
Q. I won't read it all out. The next bullet point says that you:
... suggested a change in category from "not bias crime" --
which is in the coordinating instructions the third of the
four --
to "no evidence of bias crime".
A. Yes.
Q. Do you remember that?
A. Yes, I do.
Q. And the next bullet point tells us that everyone agreed to, in fact, two changes - namely, "Not Bias Crime" would be changed to "No evidence of a bias crime"?
A. Yes.
Q. And "Bias Crime" would be changed to "Evidence of a bias crime"?
A. Yes.
Q. Which, in a partial sense, is a reversion to what the state of play had been in the first place under the investigation plan?
A. Yes.
Q. Now, although that agreement to make that change is recorded there, there doesn't seem to have been any change to the text in the findings or indicators after the heading, if you know what I mean. When I say "heading", if you look at tab 15 of volume 1, [SCOI.75071], the coordinating instructions?
A. Yes.
Q. The change that you're suggesting, or the change that is agreed on this occasion --
A. Yes.
Q. -- if we're looking at page 4 of the coordinating instructions --
A. Yes.
Q. -- is in the case of "Bias Crime", the item, or the finding, would no longer be called "Bias Crime", it would be called "Evidence of bias crime"; agreed?
A. Sorry, can I just review that?
Q. Sure, yes.
A. Yes, that's right.
Q. And the third one, "Not a Bias Crime" would be changed to "No evidence of a bias crime"?
A. Yes.
Q. So if I may use the term, not quite accurately, "heading" for the word "Bias Crime", the heading was being changed but the language following the heading was not being changed?
A. Yes.
Q. Correct?
A. Yes, because it already refers to "evidence."
Q. Now, while I'm on those minutes, by the way, at tab 83, [SCOI.74429] - the minutes of that meeting - could I just direct your attention to a slightly different topic, to the bullet point below the words in bold where the changes are noted - tab 83?
A. Yes, yes.
Q. See about in the middle of the page it says "A11 agreed to change ... " and the changes are in in bold?
A. Yes.
Q. I'm looking in the paragraph after that. It says:
[Acting Assistant] Commissioner Crandel7 asked [Sergeant] Steer to write a section for the report on this issue ...

Et cetera?
A. Yes.
Q. Now, first of all, did Sergeant Steer finish up writing part of the Parrabell report?
A. I don't believe so.
Q. Then the next sentence says:

With this amendment and section, it wil7 not be necessary for [Sergeant] Steer to review any additional cases ...

Do you see that?
A. No, sorry, could you just take me to that?
Q. In that same bullet point beginning, "[Acting

Assistant] Commissioner Crande11"?
A. Yes, I see that.
Q. The next part of the sentence is: ... it will not be necessary for [Sergeant] Steer to review any additional cases ...

Do you see that?
A. Yes. Yes, I do.
Q. And you accept, I think - we more or less covered this yesterday - that apart from a dip sample of 12, he, in fact, wasn't asked to and didn't review any other of the 88 ?
A. I don't believe so. I think I said if you could that he would know better than what I do, but in terms of the methodology, he was involved in that.
Q. And the third thing that you said, according to this note, is:
... however he [Steer] should participate in the next meeting with Flinders University.
A. Yes.
Q. Do you know if that happened or not?
A. Yes, I do.
Q. And it did?
A. And it did.
Q. And did it?
A. Yes.
Q. Al1 right. Now, back --
A. Sorry, that's my belief, that it did. I'm thinking now - I know Sergeant Steer was overseas at different times and he had other things going on, and I know that he - that he left or he was not performing that function at some stage in 2017, in the first half of 2017.
Q. All right.
A. So that's my belief.
Q. Now, if you've stil1 got tab 15, [SCOI.75071], open -A. Yes.
Q. -- of the coordinating instructions, I want to ask you a few questions about the form itself.
A. Yes.
Q. The structure of it we have covered sufficiently but

I just want to ask you about a few specifics in the form itself. So the first indicator is called, in the form, "Differences".
A. Yes.
Q. And then there are six prompts.
A. Yes.
Q. And the first prompt is put in these terms:

Immutable characteristic differences between victim and POI's sexual orientation.
A. Yes.
Q. Did you have then, or do you have now, an understanding of the word "immutable"?
A. Well, I understand that the word would mean that there are significant, unequivocal --
Q. Significant and unequivocal?
A. Or unequivocal - unequivocal.
Q. Well, doesn't it mean unchangeable or changeless?
A. Yeah, I'd say that's another synonym.
Q. Wel1, it's a different meaning, isn't it, rather than "significant". Immutable means not able to mutate, if you like. It means can't change; changeless, doesn't it?
A. If you say so.
Q. But you don't know?
A. Well, I've said what I thought it was.
Q. You thought it just meant significant?
A. No, I didn't say "significant". I said "significant" or - and I can't remember the other word I used.
Q. I can't hear you, sorry
A. I said "significant" or - and I can't remember the other word that I used. Perhaps I could check

THE COMMISSIONER: Q. Mr Crandel1, I have noticed today your voice is dropping a little bit.
A. I'm sorry, Commissioner.
Q. No, no, if you can just remember to keep your voice up a little, $I^{\prime} m$ just finding it sometimes a little difficult to hear you.
A. Thank you, Commissioner, I wil1.

MR GRAY: Q. You did use a second word, I --
A. Yes, can I - if I could just check what that word was?

I should know.
Q. I agree that you did use a second word.

THE COURT REPORTER: "Unequivoca1"

THE WITNESS: Unequivocal, unequivocal, thank you.

MR GRAY: Q. Significant or unequivocal?
A. Unequivocal, to my mind, would be immutable, which would be close to no change.
Q. Did, to your knowledge, any of the other members of Strike Force Parrabel 1 have an understanding, expressed in your presence, as to what "immutable" meant?
A. No.
Q. Was the topic ever discussed as to what "immutable" meant?
A. I can't give that evidence.
Q. In your presence?
A. Not in my presence.
Q. Do you know where the word "immutable" came from in terms of finding its way into the form?
A. I thought it came from the Standard Operating Procedures.
Q. If I may short-circuit things --
A. Yes.
Q. -- I was going to take you back to those documents, but the short point is that it's not in the United States document - you accept that from me?
A. Yes.
Q. It's not in the Standard Operating Procedures of 2015, which I showed you?
A. Yes.
Q. But it is in Sergeant Steer's presentation of June 2016?
A. Right.
Q. Which again $I$ can take you to that again, but accept
from me --
A. No, no, I accept - I accept what you say.
Q. -- that's where it is.
A. Yes.
Q. Now, from what we've been provided with, that appears to be the first time the word "immutable" makes its appearance?
A. Right.
Q. Are you aware of it making an appearance any earlier?
A. No, no.
Q. We11, that would - that makes it June 2016, in terms of the Strike Force Parrabel 1 knowing anything about the appropriateness of the word "immutable" going into it?
A. Potentially.
Q. Well, definitely, if that's the first time that it crosses the bows of Strike Force Parrabe11 - yes?
A. Yes.
Q. Now, would you accept, given your experience and your corporate sponsor role, that on matters related to
sexuality and gender identity, one of the things we've all come to appreciate better in recent decades is that those matters are not immutable; they're not unchangeable. There is a degree of fluidity, there's a range?
A. Oh, I would disagree with that as a general proposition, because if you spoke to a community member, there are gender fluid community members in the LGBTIQ community, and that would be appropriate for them, but
there's sexual orientation that is derived at birth, and sexual orientation stays with you for 1 ife, so I would not agree with that statement.
Q. And gender?
A. Gender --

THE COMMISSIONER: Q. I'm sorry, when you say "sexual orientation" - there's only one or two? What are you talking about? You're either one or the other; is that what you're inferring?
A. No, I'm not.
Q. I don't quite understand what you're talking about?
A. No, I'm not, Commissioner. What I'm saying is that the LGBTIQ community consists of a large number of different sexual orientations.
Q. Yes.
A. That may well be gender fluid, which means that you don't have any - necessarily any sexual preference.
Q. Yes.
A. Or it may well be that you are born gay, and that stays with you and that orientation stays with you for the rest of your life. So there are different community members that have different characteristics in my - as I understand it, being that corporate sponsor.

THE COMMISSIONER: Al1 right.

MR GRAY: Q. Not to cavil with you, but you're really making those statements in relation to sexual orientation, aren't you?
A. Wel1, yes, sexual orientation and gender diversity, yes.
Q. But gender diversity immediately, as an expression, recognises that there's a range, doesn't it?
A. Yes.
Q. So to describe as a prompt for differences that the characteristic differences are "immutable" is immediately a disconnect, isn't it, with that realisation?
A. Well, sorry, Mr Gray, they're talking about - as

I understand it - the differences between the perpetrator and the victim, in terms of gender identity or sexual
orientation. So I think that the prompt is to say is there something different that's clearly different between the sexual or gender orientation - gender or sexual orientation of that victim as opposed to that perpetrator? That's the prompt, as I understand it.
Q. Okay. And in fairness to you, I should remind you and myself that the first prompt does, in terms specifically, refer to sexual orientation rather than - it doesn't include the word "gender", for example?
A. Well - yes.
Q. In case that makes any difference to what you are saying.
A. We11, to my mind, no, because we're looking at differences in sexual orientation which may motivate hate-related crime.
Q. Were, to your knowledge, the Parrabel 1 officers given any guidance as to what the word "immutable" meant, in that prompt?
A. No, not in my presence. I have given that evidence.
Q. So they were to apply their own understanding of that concept - "immutable characteristic differences" - when they were answering "Yes" or "No" for the indicators on page 5 as to a finding about such differences; is that right?
A. Yes, I think the sentence stands for itself.
Q. Now, the second question about the form - or a series of questions, really, but apropos the topic of unsolved deaths as distinct from solved deaths?
A. Yes.
Q. Your strike force was looking at both solved and unsolved cases?
A. Yes, we did.
Q. And with solved cases, of course, one basically knows who the perpetrator was?
A. Yes.
Q. Or nearly always, if not always?
A. Yes. Yes. Sorry, I'm trying to speak up.
Q. Pardon?
A. I'm trying to speak up. I apologise.
Q. Thank you. But with unsolved cases, that is unsolved deaths, one does not know who the perpetrator was?
A. Yes, subject to the two characteristics that

I indicated yesterday.
Q. Yes, subject to the two matters you mentioned yesterday, which were acquittal on the basis of self-defence and a second one --
A. No bill or some other process that went through.
Q. That's right. But with those two qualifications, which I accept --
A. Yes.
Q. -- with an unsolved case, one doesn't know who the perpetrator was?
A. Yes. So, just to be clear on that, the Unsolved Homicide Team have a standard, which is applied to those cases, and we adopted those standards, as I understand.
Q. And obviously with an unsolved death, one can't get any assistance from the victim?
A. Yes.
Q. And indeed, in many of the unsolved deaths - perhaps most of them - there are no witnesses?
A. Yeah, not necessarily.
Q. No, not necessarily, quite, but in many cases?
A. But there were occasions where there were no witnesses. I can think of some cases now.
Q. But in any event, would you agree that several of the indicators in the form - and many of the prompts under the indicators - are really inapplicable or unknowable in the case of unsolved deaths?
A. Well, yeah, the - absolutely. They may not know whether or not that particular characteristic adds to an indicator of motivation. I accept that.
Q. No. So I won't labour the point, but if we look at even the first one, the first prompt under the heading "Differences", if one doesn't know the POI, one draws a blank on that prompt?
A. Yes.
Q. In the case of an unsolved murder?
A. Yes. So that indicator would not be something that you could take into account.
Q. And perhaps without trawling through al 1 of them in too much detail, you would accept that there would be many in the form where that applies?
A. Yes, I do.
Q. And, slightly different from the "unsolved" point, but would you also accept that the form, in the sense that it picks up the indicators and the prompts from the source that it did --
A. Yes.
Q. -- inciudes indicators and prompts many of which are directed, on their face, more to other types of bias crime than anti-LGBTIQ bias crimes?
A. Yes, they could be applied to others, certainly.
Q. So when we get burning crosses and the like, we're looking at race-based crimes, probably, and several of the others - which I expect you would agree - are pretty clearly, just looking at the words, directed at ethnic bias or race bias or religious bias and the like?
A. I'm not certain of that. Can you direct me to something, if you --
Q. Certain1y. I'11 take you to a few of them, then.

I'11 start from the beginning. If one looks at the second indicator at the bottom of page 5 --
A. Yes.
Q. -- "Comments, Written Statements, Gestures" --
A. Yes.
Q. -- unless there were written statements, then comments and gestures would be a blank if one doesn't know who the perpetrator is?
A. No, no.
Q. If there are no witnesses?
A. Well, if there's no witnesses, for sure, unless nothing was written down at the time, but $I$ stil think it's valid to put that as an indicator of gay-hate bias. It may be applicable somewhere else, but I think that was your
point.
Q. Whether that's right or not, written statements are one thing, but if one doesn't know who the perpetrator was and there are no witnesses, then there won't be any comments or gestures that can be used?
A. Exactly. That then won't be an indicator.
Q. And the same applies to the next two prompts which are to do with comments and gestures, that will just be inapplicable in such a case?
A. As in drawings and markings or - well, drawings and markings would be applicable, I presume.
Q. No, the next two prompts at the top of page 6, comments and gestures and again gestures --
A. Yes, without witnesses.
Q. If nobody saw the gestures, if there were any, then that's the end of that?
A. Yes.

THE COMMISSIONER: Q. And the third point, "victims may not be aware", seems to be entirely inapposite, doesn't it, because every one of these victims you were looking at were dead, so the issue would not arise at all, would it? It would only arise in the case of a person who might be perhaps assaulted --
A. Yes.
Q. -- but it couldn't arise in the case of a death?
A. No, unless a person survived, exactly.
Q. I'm sorry?
A. Unless a person survived, Commissioner, that --
Q. No, but you weren't looking at survivors, were you?
A. No, but if there was a survivor at the scene of the death.
Q. I see. So a witness?
A. Yes.
Q. And how would the witness know what the victim's state of awareness was?
A. Well, I can think of a case now --
Q. We11, before you give me an example, the words are "victims may not be aware of the significance of the gestures"?
A. Yes.
Q. Well, how would that arise as a fact, that somebody present with the victim would be able to express a view that the victim may not have been aware of the gesture? A. Well, if that victim was a witness, then that - they might be able to relay what was said but they may not be aware that what was said was bias related or hate related.

THE COMMISSIONER: Yes, all right. Okay.
MR GRAY: $\quad$. Wel1, take number 4 , indicator 4 on page 7 , "Organised Hate Groups"?
A. Yes.
Q. That has a kind of meaning in police work, doesn't it, "organised hate group"?
A. Yes.
Q. What does it mean?
A. We11, the Ku K1ux K1an, for example. There's a number that Sergeant Steer would have been looking at during his time that were operating in and around not only New South Wales but Australia, and certainly given the LGBTI hate overseas, it's not unreasonable to think that there could be groups here in Australia that harbour that bias.
Q. We11, the first prompt under that indicator is "Objects or items that represent the work of an [organised hate group]", "eg, business cards", which doesn't seem very likely, but --
A. Yes.
Q. -- is that something that might - that an organised hate group might leave, their business card?
A. Well, they may well leave a sign that indicates --
Q. No, but a business card?
A. Well, I don't think a business card is likely, but --
Q. Or a flyer - is that terribly likely in the case of someone who is murdering an LGBTIQ person?
A. If they wanted to make it known that that was the case, yes.
Q. And a burning cross?
A. We11, that's Ku K1ux K1an, I imagine, but if you saw a burning cross there somewhere, that would indicate to me that it may well be something to do with the Ku K1ux K1an.
Q. Which doesn't have much to do with an anti-LGBTIQ bias, does it?
A. No. No, I don't think so, but I don't know what whether there's symbols or other things that an organised hate group might do. I don't think they're particularly logical groups.
Q. No, but if this was a form that was being given to reviewers who were considering whether there was or wasn't an anti-gay bias --
A. Yes.
Q. -- why would you give as an example a burning cross?
A. We11, as I say, it was a prompt. That's an example of what another group would use in that situation. So it was an example.
Q. Take indicator 6 on page 9, "Victim/Witness

Perception". Do you see that?
A. Yes.
Q. Obviously useless in the case of a death, so far as the victim is concerned?
A. I disagree with that wholeheartedly.
Q. Pardon?
A. I disagree with that wholeheartedly.
Q. In the case of the victim, I said.
A. Victim or witness, it says.
Q. I said in the case of the victim it's useless, isn't it?
A. We11, it says witnesses, not victim.
Q. No, but the indicator is "Victim/Witness Perception"?
A. Yes.
Q. In the case of a victim, being dead, that is inapplicable, isn't it?
A. Well, as I said, if there was a - there may well have
been another victim at the scene that was potentially a target that did survive.
Q. Oh, I see.
A. So you would classify that person as a victim, and I think that would be all encompassing.
Q. Okay. So in that case - and I am not saying this critically either, but you are merging victim and witness into the same thing, in that example?
A. Well, it could be a victim it could be a witness, yeah, and it goes on down - the prompt is "Witnesses."
Q. Okay. In number 7, "Motive of Offender/s", the first and fourth prompts will be useless if one doesn't have a POI; agreed?
A. Yes.
Q. And the third one means --
A. Mind you, that doesn't exclude suspects. It may wel1
be that you have a suspect that has those attributes.
Q. Does POI have a meaning different from suspect?
A. Person of interest?
Q. Yes.
A. It could be a suspect.
Q. But is there a difference between person of interest and suspect?
A. I think person of interest may wel1 be a lower level than an actual suspect, but - I would think that a person of interest to an investigation would be somebody of interest to the investigation team as to whether or not they were involved in the crime.
Q. Aren't the reviewers being expected to assess these differences - sorry, these indicators by the standard of beyond reasonable doubt?
A. Well, they're looking at all information to see --
Q. No, what's the answer to that question?
A. Yeah, but that's a - that's an assessment after the gathering of the evidence or the material.
Q. No?
A. That's not something that should be applied when
you're looking at a prompt as to whether or not gay-hate bias is involved.
Q. All right, okay. I think I've covered that territory enough. I think you've said what you want to say about that.

THE COMMISSIONER: Q. By the way, Mr Crandell, did you understand that each of the questions were to be given equal weight?
A. No, I don't think so, Commissioner. I think --
Q. Well, were they to be given different weights?
A. I think they would have to be weighed to determine whether or not there was an applicability of --
Q. I'm sorry, just explain to me how this would work, then. I don't see anywhere in any of the documents so far referred to that there was a weighting process. So where would the person filling out the form be guided as to the weighting process? It would be - really, would the weighting process just derive from a collaborative discussion between one or more persons at the end as to what was or was not a consensus as to how you rate the case as a whole?
A. Yes, I believe so. There was no weighting scale, Commissioner.
Q. All right. So - okay. So they just sit - one or more person would sit down and either severally or jointly answer the prompts or respond to the prompts, then there'd be --
A. If they were able.
Q. I'm sorry?
A. Sorry, Commissioner, I apologise, if they were able to.
Q. Then there'd be a discussion amongst one or more persons, and then more senior people would be involved? A. Yes.
Q. And so the exercise in the end was a collaborative process whereby consensus would be arrived at for the purposes of the ultimate classification?
A. Yes, sir.

MR GRAY: Q. Just on that weighting point --
A. Yes.
Q. -- you mentioned that concept a few times yesterday, and I was going to ask you about that too, just for clarification. At page 704, you said, in the context of saying - you were making the point that you were conscious that every indicator could be present and yet there wasn't a bias crime, or no indicators might be present and yet it could be a bias crime?
A. Yes.
Q. So in that context you then said:

So to me, that spoke volumes about the document and about weight and how you would weight different characteristics on that form.
A. Yes.
Q. And then, I'11 just give you the three times when you
said something about this. At page 706 you said:
I understood the bias crime investigation tool because $I$ understood that that's how I was going to be able to show that all of those factors had been considered and then how those factors were weighed to ultimately determine an intention or motivation of the offender.
A. Yes.
Q. And then, in a third pass at this topic, at 742, you said - this was in the context of identifying gay-hate bias being a difficult task on which different minds reasonable minds might differ, I'm paraphrasing --
A. Yes, no, I agree.
Q. But you then said in terms of Mr Steer, you said:

So for Geoff or anybody in operational
programs to have a different view, that
would not be surprising to me --
A. Yes.
Q.
because there were so many factors, and then there was a weighting that had to be involved.
A. Yes.
Q. So, picking that up, what is the weighting process that had to be carried out?
A. Well, I think - I think dependent on the material that's gathered, there needs to be weight given to the different factors to arrive at an ultimate decision on whether there was gay-hate bias motivation.
Q. And weighting according to what parameters or scale?
A. Well, they're indicators, and so it depends on the subjective circumstances of the material that's being gathered.
Q. But how was an - I'11 start again. How was an officer, one of the officers, having assembled their "Yes", "No", answers in the right-hand column, to do some weighting of that, according to what standard?
A. Well, that's the collaborative process that the Commissioner was talking about. They would come together and they would discuss the different factors that they've found and then determine how that should all come together to indicate whether or not there was a gay-hate bias.
Q. So does that mean it would - the weighting process would operate differently, depending on the case?
A. Well, it depends on the evidence that was able to be gathered, because as you have said, there may be cases where there isn't evidence of indicators. So it would be based on that coming forward. But I think there would have been some consistency on the basis that you had at least two, potentially three, senior investigators that were looking at each of those cases as they came through.
Q. But the scale or mechanism by which this weighting exercise would be carried out --
A. Yes.
Q. -- would be just inside those three senior men's heads, would it?
A. We11, they would have to consider the information
that's put before them and -- -
Q. In their own minds?
A. Well, I don't - there wasn't a weighting scale, I can assure you of that --
Q. No, I dare say there wasn't.
A. -- because I don't actually know how I would do that.
Q. No. That's why I'm asking how did you do it? How was this weighting done?
A. Well, that's how it was done, it was a collaborative process.
Q. Just by chatting?
A. Well, not just by chatting. They're talking about material that they've gathered to then show whether or not there was bias motivation.

THE COMMISSIONER: Q. Yes, but doesn't that turn inevitably on the participants' personal views about how much significance or emphasis ought to be placed on one factor as opposed to another?
A. Yes, and that's why I wanted it to go through to those three senior officers.
Q. Well, then how would you - I understand that, but in terms of trying to replicate the process, it would be impossible, wouldn't it, because in each and every case you'd have to say the form was looked at, yes and no was answered, then there was a collaboration, at the end of it a decision or a conclusion, but there would be no way of picking, at the conclusion, apart from interrogating those people who participated in the ultimate discussion, to work out either their precise methodology, the indicators that they found more relevant or should be given more emphasis than others?
A. I agree, Commissioner.
Q. In other words, the process - don't agree if you don't agree with me - at that level is entirely opaque? There's no way of penetrating it. And unless you sat down and interrogated the person or persons who had collaborated for the purposes of the conclusion and said, "Well, okay, let's look at this case, you say there's no evidence. Why did you come to that view?"
A. Yes.
Q. So the only way you'd be able to do it is to say, "Well, we answered the form this way", or "Detective somebody answered the form this way"?
A. Yes.
Q. "There was an initial discussion between that person and Mr Middleton or Mr Chebl" - not Chebl, Bignell or somebody --
A. Yes.
Q. -- "and then there was a more considered position, and then we arrived at, ultimately" - there were different views - "but ultimately we decided or it was decided on this or that"?
A. Yes, what should --
Q. Well, the only way you would ever know what led to that conclusion, and in order to understand the reasoning process, would be to be able to interrogate the officer or officers who participated in the ultimate collaboration for the purposes of coming to the conclusion?
A. Yes, or by reference to the documentation.
Q. Well, how could you do it by reference to the documentation, because they weren't keeping minutes, were they, of their collaborations, and it's simply the dynamic of a conversation, isn't it, between people who bring to the table potentially different levels of experience and, more to the point, different viewpoints as to which factors ought to have greater emphasis in any particular case?
A. Yes.

THE COMMISSIONER: A11 right. Thank you.
MR GRAY: Q. Now, are you aware of email communications between Mr Steer and the Flinders academics on the topic of weighting?
A. You showed me some documents yesterday, but I don't think the email was to me, I think that was to - between Derek Dalton.
Q. No, it wasn't to you.
A. Yes.
Q. That's why I'm asking whether you were aware of it?
A. No, not - no, not until I read it.
Q. Not until you were shown?
A. Yes.
Q. A11 right. Could I, however, show it to you again. It's at volume 10, tab 248, [SCOI.79391]. Again, it's an email chain and one needs to start from the back, at the bottom of the second page. This is Dr Dalton to Mr Steer?
A. Yes.
Q. On 28 February 2017?
A. Yes.
Q. He says that at a meeting "we held" on Friday,

24 February, with you and others:
... it became apparent that we needed to know much more about --
what he calls the "FBI 10 point instrument used by the police".
A. Yes.
Q. I'11 come back to that. But Dr Dalton then says two paragraphs below, "we", meaning the academics":

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text {.. fully appreciate that the instrument is } \\
& \text { just used as a "tick sheet" or guide to } \\
& \text { identifying a range of BIAS crimes ... but } \\
& \text { we really need to know if you have any } \\
& \text { data... }
\end{aligned}
$$

et cetera. I'11 come back to the data point in a minute. But what Dr Dalton is saying it seems, apparently saying, is that he realised the instrument was used as a tick sheet, at least that's what it says?
A. That's what he says, yes.
Q. So Mr Steer responds to that on the top of the page. He starts off by saying, rather baldly:

To make it clear the indicators ARE NOT a definitive check list or tick sheet as you put it.

And he then goes on to explain further his view of how the indicators are meant to work?
A. Yes.
Q. And we've largely covered that?
A. Yes, yes.
Q. But then about halfway down that paragraph, or slightly below half, after the words in bold where he stresses that if they are used as a checklist they do not work --
A. Yes.
Q. -- Mr Steer says:

There is no weighting given to the indicators ...

He goes on to say "you don't add them up and if you get a certain number it is a bias crimes". So he says there's no weighting. And Dr Dalton then responds to that on the first page, in the first main paragraph, he begins by saying that he does appreciate, he now says, that the indicators are not a definitive checklist or tick sheet, he adds, though:

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Mind you, the detectives did somewhat
[partially] use them in this way as
a tool ...
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A. Yes.
Q. He says he understands that Mr Steer had some
reservations about what the Parrabell detectives did. But
in the paragraph two below that, Dr Dalton says:

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When you say ... "there is no weighting
given to the indicators, so you don't add
them up and if you get a certain number it
is a bias crimes" - we (as a team of
researchers) also accept that 100% as wel1.
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A. Yes.
Q. Now, putting aside the adding-them-up point, which is a kind of gloss, they both seem to be saying, don't they, that there isn't a weighting factor to be added in to the process, and yet you're saying that there was one?
A. We11, I'm saying that I think that there needed to be
discussion around those points and that if different weightings would - were applicable, then they would apply. That's my evidence.
Q. Did you tell Flinders, or to your knowledge did anyone else tell Flinders, that this weighting exercise, as you've described it this afternoon, was happening?

MR TEDESCHI: I object. It seems that my learned friend is at cross-purposes with the witness. The witness has explained that what he means by weighing exercise is that, in each individual case, those that were participating in the discussions would go through and decide on a weighting of the relevant factors.

THE COMMISSIONER: Yes.
MR TEDESCHI: He has said on a number of occasions there was no fixed weighting scale for all of the items.

THE COMMISSIONER: Yes.
MR TEDESCHI: My friend's next question, or last question, seems to imply that there is a fixed weighting scale --

THE COMMISSIONER: No, I don't think so, I don't think he is saying that at all. I think he is asking Mr Crandell whether the explanation Mr Crandell gave both to me a few moments ago about the collaborative effort undertaken was explained to Flinders, namely, that they went through and answered "yes" or "no" to those matters to which they thought "yes" or "no" was an answer, then they got together and chatted about it and came to a view. Now, that's what I think --

MR TEDESCHI: No objection to that, so long as that's made clear to the witness.

THE COMMISSIONER: I'm sure that's what - al1 right, thank you.

Well, you have noted Mr Tedeschi's concern, so perhaps you can accommodate that, Mr Gray.

MR GRAY: Yes. The question certainly was intended to accommodate precisely that, but I'11 put it again.
Q. Did you tell the Flinders academics, or to your knowledge did anyone else tell them, that a weighting process was actually engaged in, namely, the weighting process that you have described this afternoon?
A. Well, as I say, there was no formal weighting process. There was no - there was nothing to say, "This is how we're going to weight each of those up."

THE COMMISSIONER: Q. No, Mr Crandel1, nobody is suggesting that you've said that. What Mr Gray is putting to you is, you explained to me a few minutes ago that the forms would be answered by one or more persons in the first instance, then there would be a senior supervision of that analysis. As a result of that, there would be further collaboration, both between, perhaps, a senior person, one of the three mentioned, and the police officer, one of the 13, let's say. What Mr Gray is asking is whether that particular process, that way in which you've described it now on a number of occasions, was explained either by you or, to your knowledge, anyone else, to Flinders, that that's the way in which the police were going about their ultimate classification of a particular case?
A. Yes, I believe so.

THE COMMISSIONER: A11 right.
MR GRAY: Q. You think it was?
A. Yes, I do.
Q. By you or by someone else?
A. More likely from the senior investigators. Whether that be Craig Middleton --
Q. In your presence?
A. I can't give that evidence. I don't remember.

Because I met with them as well, with the researchers and our people, when - certainly when Derek Dalton came to Sydney on a number of occasions.
Q. So you don't think you told them?
A. I don't believe so.
Q. And nobody in your presence told them?
A. No - well, I can't give that evidence, I don't recal 1.
Q. Well, you can give that evidence, did anybody in your presence tell them that?
A. I don't recall.
Q. Now, you know, don't you - this is moving to a slightly different point, although perhaps related - that the Flinders academics themselves in due course developed reservations about the appropriateness of the Bias Crime Indicator Form, didn't they?
A. Yes.
Q. And there's a footnote in their final report, footnote 20, that expresses that reservation? I'm sure you are familiar with it?
A. Yes, I am.
Q. Indeed, the way it's expressed, which we can have put it front of you if you like, but I'm sure you have read it and it's quite short, is at page 68, as follows, referring to the form - is that exhibit 1? Thank you. It's exhibit 1, tab 2, [SCOI.O2632], page 68.
A. Yes.
Q. And the footnote, 20, appears - that is, in the text about a third of the way down the page, towards the end of that first long paragraph --
A. Yes.
Q. -- where they're talking about the indicators. The footnote says:

Whilst the [police] placed great faith in this instrument --
ie, the form --
A. Yes.
Q. -- the form?
A. Yes.
Q.
... the academic team were surprised to discover that scarcely any academic literature exists that has evaluated or critiqued this instrument. Indeed, our search efforts could not even locate one academic article. Nor could the [police] supply such an article when requested to do so. In the face of an apparent dearth of
such literature, the academic team are reluctant to endorse these indicators. The academic team are not decreeing that they are wholly deficient and needing to be dropped, but we would have liked to garner independent evidence that they are indeed "best practice" for law enforcement. We note here --
they go on to say --
that with few choices available (the UK model is over-inclusive because it pivots on victim perceptions), the [police] worked with this instrument despite empirical evidence for its efficacy.
A. Yes.
Q. And it does look as though the word "no" has been omitted from the last bit. It looks as though they meant "despite no empirical evidence for its efficacy"; that seems to be the sense of it, do you agree?
A. Yes. Yes, I would.
Q. Just before I get on to that and just while I'm here, do you see there's a footnote 21 as well?
A. Yes.
Q. Where they say:

The descriptive meaning and nuances of these 10 Indicators will be critiqued in a subsequent section of the report ...

To your knowledge, is there any such critique later in the report of the 10 --
A. I don't remember seeing it.
Q. No, I don't, myself, find them anywhere. You're no better informed? Okay, fine. Back to the footnote 20. That's what appears in their final report, which is halfway through 2017?
A. Yes.
Q. But in that email that $I$ showed you in another context a minute ago in volume 3, tab 91, [SCOI.74458], they were
asking, you may recall, Sergeant Steer if he could tell them if there was any academic or other backing for the form; do you remember that?
A. Yes, I do remember that.
Q. Tab 91, I think it is. Oh, it's not 91.
A. I have it at 91, from Derek Dalton to Geoff Steer.
Q. That's right, 91. So he says to Steer:
... we need to know ... more about the FBI 10 point instrument ...
A. Yes.
Q. And, "Do you have any data or research findings", and so on?
A. Yes.
Q. And Sergeant Steer wrote back, as you may recall, saying, "No, I don't have any of those, because it's only used as a guide"?
A. As an indicator.
Q. As an indicator?
A. Yes.
Q. So the answer is, "No, I don't have any"?
A. Yes.
Q. Now, the email at tab 91 refers to a meeting on Friday, 24 February, where you were present?
A. Yes.
Q. Where they, evidently, raised some sort of concerns about this instrument?
A. Yes.
Q. Now, what did they say?
A. I think exactly that - my recollection was that they wanted - they wanted an indication of some sort of empirical evidence as to the use of the tool.
Q. Did they say why they wanted it or why they felt they needed something like that?
A. Well, my impression was so that they could, from an academic perspective, see whether or not there was validity
in the tool, looking at other jurisdictional use.
Q. Did they say anything to the effect that, absent such academic backing or similar, they had reservations about whether it was viable or effective?
A. I don't think so, and the reason I say that is because I think they were - their first port of call may well have been Sergeant Steer to find out whether he could point them in that direction and then they would do some sort of academic research to discover that.
Q. So did they raise any of the sorts of questions that I've been raising with you about the form?
A. I was well aware that they wanted to get research data on the bias crime indicators. I was aware of that, yes.
Q. No, I'm asking did they raise any of the sort of questions that I've been raising with you, such as the ultimately subjective nature of the process?
A. No, I - well, I don't remember them raising anything like that. There was a number of meetings with certainly Derek Dalton and Willem de Lint.
Q. Did they raise anything about what they later called in their report the essentially intuitive nature of what was being done by the Parrabell officers?
A. Oh, I'm uncertain. Perhaps. Derek Dalton was very forthright with his thoughts.
Q. Well, whatever it was that they did say in February, was that the first time that they flagged or raised any such concerns about the form?
A. I'm unsure. I believe so, based on the document.
Q. Well, what did you say when they did raise these concerns?
A. Well, they were still doing the reviews, so I was comfortable with the forms on the basis that they were consistent with our policy at the time and they were consistent with what Sergeant Steer had provided, the information that he had provided. So I was, but they wanted to have a look at a more broader perspective in terms of the research arena.
Q. Did it cause you to reflect at all as to whether the form might not be fit for purpose?
A. Well - yes, I would say so, and I came to the view
that it was on the basis that we were looking for indicators; they weren't necessarily definitive but they certainly were indicators as to whether or not a bias crime motivation was or was not present.
Q. Even in the context of a historical paper review with variable quality and quantity of paper?
A. Sorry, I don't understand the question.
Q. Well, did you come to the view that yes, indeed, the form was fit for purpose, even though the purpose was attempting to ascribe a motive to a crime many years earlier based only on the old paper? You thought that the form was adequate to do that?
A. I did on the basis that it was as an indicator, and I guess I was looking for a systematic approach to make sure that the detectives were thinking along those lines of indicators.
Q. When Mr Steer replied to Dr Dalton saying, "No, I don't have any academic articles or data or the like" -A. Yes.
Q. -- did the fact that he said that, that that was the substance of his reply, come to your notice?
A. I believe it would have. At that time, though, I'm uncertain, but at some stage it would have.
Q. Righto. Well, when it did, and given that the academics had that concern for good or bad reason, did you come to think at that point, "Well, maybe this form may not be as good as I'd thought it was"?
A. No, not necessarily, because I thought to myself, well, there's not an academic review of this particular document or the indicators that are contained within it, but that doesn't necessarily mean that the document's not right, and it could have been a timing issue in terms of the indicators that were brought in from the United States by Sergeant Steer and then were replicated in our policy.
Q. Now, later during the course of 2017, at least one perhaps it was only one - draft of the Flinders report came to you; you recall that?
A. I don't recall it, but it would have, yes.
Q. Well - and you provided feedback, quite detailed feedback?
A. Okay.
Q. In an email. Perhaps I'd better show you that. It's in volume 4.

THE COMMISSIONER: Q. Before you go to that, can I just ask this, Mr Crandell. When the matter was raised with you, what attempts, if any, did you or to your knowledge or belief the other three senior people undertake to determine whether the form had ever been used before in an exercise such as the one you were doing?
A. I don't believe there was any inquiry in that regard, Commissioner.
Q. I can't hear you, I'm so sorry?
A. Sorry, I don't believe there was any inquiry in that regard.
Q. Wouldn't it have been relevant, leaving aside academic literature, to work out whether this form had ever been used to do the kind of study you were doing?
A. Well, I wouldn't think that the form itself would ever have been used, because we compiled the form. But it was drawn from indicators that had been used in the United States.
Q. I understand that, but the form hadn't been used in the United States, had it --
A. No.
Q. -- as far as you were aware, to do what you were doing?
A. No; that's correct.
Q. So, therefore, do I take it that you - do I understand you to say that you believed - whether you made inquiries or not to one side, you believed the form had not previously been used in the way you were using it?
A. Yes.
Q. Did that cause you any concern about the reliability of the outcome of your study?
A. No.

THE COMMISSIONER: Thank you.
MR GRAY: Q. Do you have volume 4? If you turn to
tab 105, [SCOI.77578] --
A. Yes.
Q. -- this is a draft of the academics' section of the report?
A. Yes.
Q. And it has a date at the top of it, 30 June - very top of the front page, in the pale blue writing?
A. Oh, sorry. Yes, I see it, yes.
Q. If we go to page 10 , you may recognise that the form or the shape of that writing - it's an earlier version of the part of the report where footnote 20 later comes in?
A. Yes.
Q. But as we can see here, footnote 20 is not - or the equivalent is not there?
A. Yes.
Q. The one that is now footnote 9, about how the 10 indicators were going to be critiqued subsequentiy, is there, but at this point there's no footnote equivalent to the later footnote 20?
A. No.
Q. Okay. And you provide, as I say, quite significant we11, quite detailed feedback to that on tab 106,
[SCOI.74518], which I don't need to take you to, but you make various comments and suggestions about things that the academics might consider if they're doing another draft?
A. Yes.
Q. Now, when you got the final Flinders report, and you no doubt read it, when it came in later in the year --
A. Yes.
Q. -- and you saw that it did have footnote 20 , the one that I read out earlier --
A. Yes, yes, yes.
Q. -- referring to their reservations about the form --
A. Yes, yes.
Q. $\quad-$ - and although you had been at the meeting
in February when they had asked the question, did the terms of their footnote 20, where they, if I may say so,
distanced themselves from the form to some extent, come as a surprise to you?
A. We11, no, because I had seen the footnote, but to my mind, the research - the academic review was there for that purpose. So anything that they brought, I was happy to take on board. I couldn't rectify the fact that there was no earlier research done in relation to the form. I couldn't do anything about that. But I still believed that the bias crime indicators that we had been looking were valid.
Q. So the final report, including, in particular, footnote 20, didn't cause you to reflect that perhaps your methodology was compromised?
A. No. I thought our methodology was sound and, you know, the comment that it hadn't been researched or validated before was something that I couldn't do anything about.

THE COMMISSIONER: Q. Yes, but it meant the academics were telling you, unequivocally, that they couldn't anoint your methodology, weren't they?
A. Yes. Yes, it did, because --
Q. Well, that's one of the last things you would have wanted, wasn't it? I mean, the academics who you bring in to check what you're doing and have a look at it say, "No, what you are doing is not the way to go about it"; that's the essence of what they were saying, wasn't it?
A. No, I thought the essence of what they were saying, Commissioner, was that they couldn't find research to validate the document; they didn't say "That's not how you should go about it."
Q. But, Mr Crande11, let's not mince words. You know that they invented their own methodology for the very reason that they couldn't anoint and accommodate yours?
A. They did. You're right, they did.
Q. But the reason, as you always understood it, is that they could not anoint your methodology because they couldn't find any support for it?
A. That's right. That's exactly right. They couldn't find support.

MR GRAY: $Q$. I do need to, that being so, ask you again: why did you say in the final report of the strike force,
your part of the report, on page 22:
Whilst different findings and classifications were made, each team understood and endorsed the systemic approach of the other.
A. Yes, I think I answered that last time, but I'm happy to answer it again. I was referring to conversations that I had had with Derek Dalton in particular, and my recollection of those conversations were that he understood our thinking process and understood our methodology. I don't think that went to an endorsement - clearly, given his later report - but that was the reason that that was included in the document.

THE COMMISSIONER: Q. So on that basis, the word "endorsement" is quite inaccurate, isn't it?
A. Well, it is, Commissioner. It's inaccurate, but the Parrabell report, in its entirety also includes the Flinders report, which actually says that, so I don't believe that --
Q. No, no, it's quite inaccurate, isn't it, Mr Crandell, to have said that Flinders endorsed your approach?
A. Yes.

MR GRAY: Q. I'11 turn to a different topic,
Mr Crandel1. By 30 August 2015 when you were embarking upon your strike force work --
A. Yes.
Q. -- you were aware, I take it, that ACON was embarking on its own review of the same 80 -odd deaths?
A. Yes.
Q. And you were aware, I take it, also, that ACON had been prompted to do that, in particular, by the statements made by DCI Pamela Young on Lateline in April 2015?
A. Oh, I don't know what the motivations were for ACON. I think their primary motivation was to raise awareness, and I was very supportive of that.
Q. At any rate, at some stage in 2015, is this right, you told ACON that the police were going to carry out the Parrabell exercise?
A. Yes.
Q. And there was the first stakeholders meeting on 1 December 2015?
A. Yes.
Q. You have mentioned that before, and there are minutes of that in the materials. And it's clear, you I'm sure would accept, including from documents that we have been given which are in volume 5, that there was at least some ongoing communication between the strike force, including yourself --
A. Yes.
Q. $\quad-$ and ACON, during 2016 and $2017 ?$
A. Yes.
Q. And at least in part about the fact that the two reports were both being prepared in tandem, as it were?
A. Yes.
Q. And I think you have said yesterday, essentially, that there were one or two other stakeholder meetings, apart from the first one --
A. Yes.
Q. -- at which the topic of Parrabel 1 was at least referred to?
A. Yes.
Q. But probably only that handful of three or so
meetings, because, for the reasons you have explained, the idea of monthly meetings didn't proceed?
A. Yes - oh, sorry, were they monthly meetings or quarterly meetings? I think the community consultation was quarter1y.
Q. If that's right, then so be it. At any rate, there were two or three such meetings but not more?
A. Correct.
Q. Now, could I ask you this: ACON, as far as I can see, does not seem to have been provided with the coordinating instructions for Parrabe11. Would that be right?
A. That would be right.
Q. That would be right?
A. That would be right, yes.
Q. And ACON was not provided with the BCI form?
A. I believe not.
Q. Was there a reason for not showing ACON what your methodology was?
A. Not necessarily. I was eager to engage them, because they'd done a significant amount of work and probably from a different perspective, with - and also with not as much access to the records as what NSW Police would have, but going into police methodology and going into our processes, I did not share that with them.
Q. Wel1, the form, the BCI form that we've been through so often --
A. Yes.
Q. -- doesn't really reveal anything about police methodologies, does it, apart from Parrabel 1 methodology? A. Wel1, Parrabel1 methodology, yes.
Q. But isn't the Parrabel 1 methodology likely to have been something of acute interest to ACON? I mean, how were the police going about this review, they might have wondered. Wouldn't it have been a natural thing to tell them?
A. Yeah - we11, it may have been - that may have been told to them but $I$ didn't provide them the documentation.
Q. Well, did --
A. Sorry, from my recollection, I didn't provide them the documentation, unless you can point me to a document.
Q. No, there's a dearth of any such document, which is why I am asking.
A. Okay.
Q. Well, to your knowledge, did the strike force ever actually seek the views of ACON or any other LGBTIQ organisation or representative, as to the appropriateness of the methodology that the strike force was adopting? A. It's hard for me to answer that simply because we engaged a great number and not a11 necessarily at once, so there were meetings with ACON that were separate to the other community meetings.
Q. But in the case of any of them, did you tel 1 them,
either by showing them the form or by talking them through and explaining the form, how were you going about it?
A. I doubt it. I doubt that I would have done that.
Q. Did you tell them that you were using 10 indicators and various prompts?
A. I don't think so.
Q. On reflection, do you think it would have been a good thing to do that?
A. I - yeah, I could have done that, I guess.
Q. They might have had some useful perspectives, perhaps, on what things they might regard as indicators of gay-hate bias, mightn't they?
A. Well, that's what the ACON report was about and that's why we were --
Q. No, but I'm asking you about your report. For your purposes, might not they have been able to bring a useful perspective, from your point of view, as to what things might be useful indicators of gay-hate bias?
A. Look, I know you don't want me to talk about the Truth and Justice Report, but that report --
Q. I don't know why you would say that, but okay.
A. Well, because you seem to have an aversion to me talking about any documentation that I've seen. The document that was in that Truth and Justice Report outlines a number of scenarios that were possibilities that were raised by ACON, and a review of that report was conducted not only by the academics but also by us. So to me there was a great deal of material in there that wasn't terribly helpful from an investigative perspective, nevertheless, it gave us some appreciation of thoughts from the ACON and thoughts from the - that particular part of the community.
Q. It may be that either we are both or you are at cross-purposes with me at the moment. The answer you just gave, I think - correct me if I am wrong - was to make the point that there was material in the ACON report --
A. Yes.
Q. -- that enabled you to glean information and draw conclusions once you got the ACON report?
A. I don't think it was terribly influential in terms of the investigation undertaken by Strike Force Parrabell.

There was a great deal of material that we referred to --
Q. Righto, but --
A. -- and that we looked at, but I don't think it was terribly influential.
Q. And your point is what, when you say that?
A. Well, I think that ACON was at a distinct disadvantage on the basis that they were sourcing open-source documents only, whereas police could conduct a more thorough review on the basis of access to documentation.
Q. Sure.
A. So --
Q. But my questions were directed to a different concept.
A. Okay. I've misunderstood your question then, Mr Gray, I apologise.
Q. No apology needed but I suspect there has been a "ships passing in the night" here. What I was asking you was not about what was or wasn't in the ACON report or how they went about their exercise, not having the police resources, obviously, but rather I was asking you: apropos what you were doing, apropos what Strike Force Parrabell was doing, using the indicators and the form to assess old files with a view to answering particular questions - those indicators being indicators of presence or absence of gay-hate bias --
A. Yes.
Q. -- wouldn't ACON have been likely to offer you some insights as to whether they were the best indicators or the only indicators or whether there might have been others and so on?
A. Perhaps they could have.
Q. Did that occur to you?
A. No. It did not.
Q. All right. Now, the work of the academic review ultimately took more than a year from late 2016 to the early part of 2018 ?
A. Yes.
Q. Over that period, as the form of the academic report began to take shape and as your own strike force's
classifications were firming up, there was some discussion, wasn't there, including emails, between you and ACON in relation to exchanging drafts of your respective reports?
A. Yes.
Q. And on 2 February 2018, ACON did provide you with a draft of their report?
A. Yes.
Q. And you wrote back to them in due course and asked ACON to make a number of changes to their report?
A. Yes.
Q. You remember that?
A. Yes.
Q. And ACON, indeed, did make quite a few of the changes, or changes similar to the ones that you had suggested?
A. Yes.
Q. But in the end, you did not provide ACON with any draft of the Parrabell report, did you?
A. I don't believe so. I think --
Q. No?
A. I think - I think Parrabel 1 report was released publicly a month after the Truth and Justice Report.
Q. That's certainly so. You, in fact, didn't provide ACON with the final Parrabell report prior to its public release?
A. I'm not sure about that.
Q. Well, if we could - could I suggest to you that ACON 1 earned of the imminent release of the Parrabel1 report from a journalist.
A. Yeah, look, I have a recollection of notifying Nick Parkhil1 about that. I don't know whether there are some documents that you may have that might --
Q. I'11 show you what documents we have --
A. Yeah, I'm just surprised with that because I have a very good working relationship with Nick and I --
Q. Volume 5 - sorry.
A. Sorry. And I - I'd be - I certainly would not want to be disrespectful to Nick or ACON.

THE COMMISSIONER: Q. No, but the fact of it is that you agreed - have you not so far - that you may have given subject to being refreshed in your recollection, you might have given him a final draft at some point --
A. Yes.
Q. $\quad-$ prior to its publication more widely, but it's clear that you didn't give him any drafts of Parrabell?
A. I don't believe so, your Honour - Commissioner.

THE COMMISSIONER: Okay, thank you.
MR GRAY: Q. If you turn to --
THE COMMISSIONER: Q. And I'm sorry, it was always your intention, wasn't it, to make Parrabe11 and whatever else you got from the academics publicly available anyway, wasn't it?
A. Yes, sir.

MR GRAY: Q. If you turn to tab 149, [SCOI.77730], in that volume --
A. Yes.
Q. -- an emai1 chain between you and Mr Parkhi11, starting from the back - I should perhaps take you to tab 147 [SCOI.77748], where on 2 February, ACON provides you with their draft report. Do you see that? Tab 147?
A. Yes. Yes, I do.
Q. And at 149, [SCOI.77730], starting from the back of the email chain, Mr Parkhill writes to you on 23 February, wondering how you were going in terms of providing feedback on their draft report. And you write back saying, "The delay is my fault", and you'd look over it that coming weekend?
A. Yes.
Q. And you say:

We are stil7 a way off publicising our findings including those of the academic review, so please do not be concerned about our timing etc because I will make sure you have plenty of time for amendments before we look at circulating or engaging a media
strategy.
A. Yes.
Q. "Media strategy", referring to the launch or publication of your report?
A. Yes.
Q. And he writes back:

Thanks so much for incredible support ... for Mardi Gras.
and he says:

Sorry to harp on this, ... but I was wondering if you have had a chance to review the draft report?

Of 6 March.
A. Yes.
Q. Then, on that same day, if we go to the front page, you then do provide feedback, in a lengthy email of a couple of pages?
A. Yes.
Q. And without going to the detail of it, your comments are polite and courteous but quite critical, aren't they? A. Yes.
Q. They are quite stern?
A. Yes, I - yes. But I - but I wanted to be respectful.
Q. Pardon?
A. I wanted to be respectful with my comments, which is why --
Q. Certainly. But while being respectful, you were pretty clear that you thought ACON needed to change in various ways?
A. Yes.
Q. So then at 151, [SCOI.77735], Mr Parkhi11 writes back on 17 May attaching a further revised copy, which seems to be a second - there seems to be an earlier revised copy, because in the third paragraph he says:

We have made some slight changes to the report since $I$ last emailed you the previous version.

The net result is that he - I think you'11 agree he did make quite a few of the changes --
A. Yes.
Q. -- perhaps most of them, that you wanted?
A. No, he did.
Q. You say, 20 May:

I still don't have permission from the Commissioner to release the Strike Force Parrabe 17 report --
A. Yes.
Q.
-- although I am hoping we can get word through soon. Once $I$ have that advice I can determine what wil7 and will not be released; and then look at getting documentation to the printers etc.

And then you say:
I will let you know once we have a release date confirmed which should give you some lead in time.
A. Yes.
Q. And at tab 152, [SCOI.77791], Mr Parkhi11 writes on 22 May, a couple of days later, and he tells you that they're planning to release their ACON report "this coming Monday", that they had given an embargoed copy to certain news media, and it would be ready to go for broader distribution on the Monday morning?
A. Yes.
Q. So he tells you all that?
A. Yes.
Q. And in the next one, 153, [SCOI. 77728], a month later,

22 June, he writes to you and says:
Tony, I just received a call from a journalist ... who mentioned that Operation Parrabell report may be released next week, and if we would have any comments ...

I was just wondering if this was the case, and if so, would it be possible to see an embargoed copy beforehand?

Do you see that?
A. Yes, I do, yes.
Q. So it would appear that by that point, 22 June, all the arrangements had been made for the release of the Parrabell report, to the extent that the journalist was aware that it was coming?
A. Yes.
Q. But that ACON hadn't been told?
A. Yes.
Q. And you wrote back saying:

Yes we are releasing the Parrabell report and academic review next Wednesday. I just checked with my office and can confirm that a copy ... is in the mail ...

Was there a reason for doing it that way, rather than --
A. Getting his feedback.
Q. -- repaying the courtesy that he had shown you of giving him a copy in advance?
A. Look, there was a couple of things that I was worried about. Probably the - and I'm thinking about the Commissioner's endorsement. That would be true. I would have had to have got the Commissioner's endorsement to say "Yes, you can release that." So I would have been concerned about that. But I can't explain why I didn't seek out his advice. Perhaps I didn't think it was necessary at the time. But I certainly - certainly would always have wanted him to have the report prior to release. Well, in actual fact, I suppose, I indicate that there, that it's in the mail.

THE COMMISSIONER: Q. Mr Crandell, if the timing of providing the report to Mr Parkhill was the subject of you being authorised to do so and not being able to do so until you felt you had the Commissioner's say-so --
A. Yes.
Q. -- was there any problem in being frank about that with Mr Parkhill and just telling him, "Well, I'd like to give it to you, but as you may appreciate, I'm not the Commissioner, and in circumstances such as this, you should appreciate that $I$ can't release it until I get the say-so"? Would there be anything wrong with being entirely frank?
A. No. I thought I said that.
Q. Where did you say that?
A. Didn't I - isn't that in the document that you showed me? I thought I said that I was awaiting the Commissioner's endorsement.

MR GRAY: Q. At one point there was a reference to you saying you were waiting on the Commissioner's endorsement or some such - that is so.
A. Yes.

THE COMMISSIONER: Q. Let me just ask you this: from your point of view, do you believe at all times you had led him to understand that you would need the Commissioner's consent to give him any version of the report, draft or otherwise?
A. Yes.

THE COMMISSIONER: A11 right.
THE WITNESS: So I wasn't trying to be disrespectful or beat around the bush with Mr Parkhill, I can assure you.

MR TEDESCHI: Tab 151, [SCOI.77735], your Honour.
THE COMMISSIONER: Thank you.
MR GRAY: Q. Turning to the academic review and processes relating to it, the strike force work starts on or after 30 August 2015?
A. Yes.
Q. That work of obtaining all the historical files and
reviewing them in the way that we have been talking about was nearing completion, although not complete, by the end of 2016?
A. Yes.
Q. You agree?
A. Well, we had Taradale matters to go after that.
Q. As it turned out, there were the three Taradale matters added to your to do list in the first part of $2017 ?$ A. Yes.
Q. But with that exception and perhaps one or two other exceptions it was close to the finish line by the end of 2016?
A. Yes.
Q. But meanwhile, at some point during the course of that work - is this right - you came to the view that it would be desirable to obtain a review by academics of the methodology that the strike force had used?
A. Yes, I did.
Q. So just to clarify for my purposes, that wasn't something that you had in your mind from the outset; it was an idea that developed as you went along?
A. I'm not sure when that idea came into my mind, but it was - I desperately wanted it reviewed because I wanted an independent view, and I was conscious at the time that the police investigation may not be accepted by the LGBTIQ community on the basis of police reviewing police information. So that's why I wanted the academic reviewers to come in to give that some objectivity. I can't say that that was exactly the same time that I thought Parrabell was appropriate, but I don't think it would have been a terribly long period of time after that.
Q. Well, you say something about this in your statement, which you would need volume 1 for - oh, you have got the statement?
A. Yes.
Q. At paragraph 70 [SCOI.76961]?
A. Yes.
Q. I just want to go through, in the time we have got this afternoon, just the way you put it in this paragraph,
in paragraph 70. You say:
During Strike Force Parrabel1 --
So probably at some point after it had started, at least?
A. Yes.
Q. You say --
it became apparent to me that in order to ensure transparency of the methodology employed by [the strike force] and ensure that its results were credible, a full independent academic analysis of the methodology and results ... should be conducted.
A. Yes.
Q. When you say that one reason for getting the academic review was "to ensure transparency of the methodology employed by" the strike force, what did you mean there? A. I think to give - it was more about - I was thinking about it from a community perspective more than anything. To give the community some level of comfort that we had looked at bias crime indicators and that we hadn't simply gone about our business in other than a systemic way. So I wanted to gather some credibility for that outside of the NSW Police Force.
Q. Well, you say in the second sentence:

The purpose of the academic review was also to provide an independent account of ... Parrabell's systemic validity ...

Do you see that?
A. Yes.
Q. And I will just pick up the rest of that sentence in a minute, but in the next sentence you say:

By systemic validity, I mean the system investigators used to determine whether or not a crime was bias or gay hate related, using the [BCI form] and following the procedures ... in [the documentation].

Now, pausing there, the academics' view of the systemic validity was that it didn't pass muster, wasn't it?
A. Wel1 --
Q. The system was the form, and they said they couldn't endorse the form?
A. They couldn't endorse it, yes.
Q. Wel1, if that was the purpose of the academic review and you got the outcome, which was that they couldn't endorse the system - and I appreciate that the Commissioner has essentially asked you, more or less, this question earlier --
A. Yes.
Q. -- but did it not occur to you then that maybe the whole exercise had been misguided?
A. Well, I still believed that the bias crime indicators were valid and I thought that the processes were appropriate.

THE COMMISSIONER: Q. But you were locked in, Mr Crandel1, weren't you, because you had stated publicly, being your perception, that a response was necessary - you had stated publiciy much earlier in the piece that you were doing this?
A. Yes.
Q. You had police officers posing as being examples of the investigators who were assembled?
A. Yes.
Q. And, to put not too fine a point on it, you were at a point of no return, weren't you? How could you possibly back out of the exercise?
A. Yes.
Q. You had to go through it --
A. Yes.
Q. $\quad-\quad$ warts and all?
A. Yes.
Q. And that was your choice, wasn't it?
A. Yes, it was - by the time the researchers had conducted their review, it was late in the piece.
Q. Wel1, okay, but the problem is that - anyway, I wil1 let you go.

MR GRAY: Q. The other matter that you say in this paragraph that you - or couple of other matters - that you hoped that the academic review might assist with were, this is in about the fifth line:
... where possible, identify evidence of poor or biased police investigations ...

Do you see that?
A. Yes, I do.
Q. And in the same point, I think, is what appears in the
last sentence of that paragraph, you wanted them to:
... determine whether investigative
malfeasance was present if possible ...
That seems to be the same topic, I think.
A. Yes. Yes, it is.
Q. And that's the topic which, for the reasons you have already given, in the end really wasn't able to be pursued? A. Yes.
Q. Then back in that middle part of the paragraph, you said that another hope that you had for the academic review was that it would:
... guide future policing strategies of community engagement ...
A. Yes.
Q. Did the academic review actually contribute in that regard?
A. No, I don't believe so. There were recommendations out of Operation Parrabell, but I don't think the academics had anything to do with that.
Q. No, and the last one in that paragraph - sorry, in that sentence, is:
... and develop a more suitable bias crime
identification process.
Now, we know that there is no such more suitable bias crime identification proffered in the Flinders report; correct?
A. Yes. Oh - yes.
Q. I wil1 come to it in a minute, but later on, after Parrabel1, steps were taken to go down the path of ascertaining whether there might be a better way to do it? A. Yes, yes.
Q. But not by way of Flinders?
A. No, no. I made those inquiries with another university.
Q. Just finishing off with 71 before we adjourn, just because - to set up what you were aiming to do --
A. Yes.
Q. In 71, you say:
... it was critical that an impartial analysis took place ...
and you have said that in various other statements and emails as well, so that's always been part of your thinking. And you were:

```
... cognisant of avoiding a "check box"
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exercise ...

What did you mean by that, in that context, about the academics?
A. I think I'm referring to the bias crimes indicator tool, that $I$ didn't want it to be a check box scenario, that it had to be an indicator or a guide.

THE COMMISSIONER: Q. Is that a reference to the "tick box" that has been referred to in the emails, or something else?

MR GRAY: $Q$. Well, I think that you are suggesting that it might be a reference to that?
A. It may be.
Q. I don't want to tarry on this because it is not a major point, but it does look as though, when you said
you were cognisant of avoiding a check box exercise, you meant in connection with the academic review, you didn't want that to be a check box review. That's how it seems to read. But maybe it's just an unfortunate bit of language.
A. It seems that I'm talking about the academic review.
Q. It does, doesn't it. So what did you mean?
A. It does, so --
Q. That's my point.
A. I'm not sure what $I$ mean by that, in terms of the "check box". I'm presuming the thoroughness of their inquiries, perhaps, not --

THE COMMISSIONER: Q. Wel1 did you have in mind an entirely arm's-length process?
A. Sorry, Commissioner?
Q. Did you have in mind an entirely arm's-length process?
A. No, I didn't think completely arm's length, because

I wanted to discuss things with them.
Q. Why? Why?
A. We11, because they could provide insights along the way, was my thought process, and that may or may not be helpful to --
Q. But thought process - what, to improve your methodologies, or what?
A. Yes, to improve my methodologies but also to see what methodology they came up with ultimately.
Q. Okay. I'm just, then, a bit confused. The academic team, then, you never envisaged, did you, therefore, would take an entirely arm's-length, objective approach; you always intended some collaborative approach with them, did you?
A. No, no, that's - that's not right. So --
Q. We11, apart from you explaining to them, obviousiy, what you were doing --
A. Yes.
Q. -- and presumably having some understanding - and you were entitled to, I suppose, have an understanding of what they were doing --
A. Yes.
Q. -- is that what you really mean? Or do you mean that you wanted to pick up any hints they might have as to ways in which you might re-approach or reclassify?
A. Yes.
Q. I'm not quite sure what you are saying?
A. No, no, that's correct, Commissioner.
Q. Okay. Okay.
A. But obviously I was interested in objectivity from them. I certainly did not want them --
Q. Well, if I may say so, not just "interested in"; this was something that you needed to portray to the community --
A. Yes.
Q. -- was achieved?
A. Yes.
Q. Not just attempted, surely?
A. Yes. Yeah, absolutely.

THE COMMISSIONER: Is that a convenient time, Mr Gray?
MR GRAY: It is.
THE COMMISSIONER: I wil1 adjourn unti1 10 in the morning, thank you.

AT 3.59PM THE SPECIAL COMMISSION OF INQUIRY WAS ADJOURNED TO FRIDAY, 9 DECEMBER 2022 AT 10AM

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